

Rain or snow tonight and probably Tuesday; colder Tuesday afternoon and night.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. MONDAY JANUARY 7 1918

PRICE ONE CENT

DRAFT LAW CONSTITUTIONAL

22 INJURED IN MAD RUSH FROM SUBWAY CAR

CAMBRIDGE, Jan. 7.—Twenty-two passengers aboard a subway train for Boston were injured today at Kendall square in a wild scramble to escape from cars which filled with smoke after a fuse blew out with a roar that resembled an explosion. All lights in the underground passage were extinguished and in the darkness men and women broke through glass doors and windows while shrills of many trampled under foot added to the confusion and disorder.

Two Seriously Injured

With the first alarm ambulances and fire apparatus were rushed to the station and the injured quickly removed to hospitals. Only two, Jeff Howard and Miss May Daley, both of Boston, were badly hurt. The others, cut by

glass or bruised, were sent to their homes.

Traffic Delayed For Hours

Traffic in the subway in both directions was delayed for an hour and the army of commuters on their way to work were routed over surface lines.

After taking on passengers at Kendall square the guards closed the doors and the signal to proceed had been given when there was a deafening report. The train and station were filled with smoke and before the guards could open the doors they were broken down by the crowd, which instantly became terrified and hysterical.

Officials of the Boston elevated railway said that the explosion was caused by short circuiting.

to negotiate peace with the central powers.

In the reception which Berlin officials give Lloyd George's statement is awaited with keen interest in Washington. Doubt is expressed that the Germans will consent to discuss peace on the terms outlined by the British premier. On their acceptance or rejection, it was pointed out, will largely depend whether all discussion of a general peace must come to an abrupt end.

PEACE QUESTION UP TO BERLIN

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—After having

read the full text of Lloyd George's address, high officials here find in it little with which they do not entirely agree.

Great emphasis was placed yesterday on the fact that Lloyd George did not state the "peace terms" of the allies and the United States, but spoke only of war aims.

Officials and diplomats were thoroughly convinced that the allies are prepared to fight on for years if need be in order to achieve the principles for which their armies and navies are struggling.

They are equally convinced that if the central powers are sincere in their desire for peace the door has been thrown open to them and responsibility for prolonging the war must rest on Berlin, Vienna and not on Washington, London, Paris and Rome.

The members of the German delegation are invited to come into the open and make peace on honorable and just grounds or assume responsibility for further wants of life and treasure.

A neutral European diplomat yesterday predicted that as a result of Lloyd George's speech to the British workingmen, either Germany will see a general peace within six months, or the war will continue for three years.

While emphasizing the fact that the British premier was not delivering a peace address, officials, diplomats and congressmen who discussed it yesterday appeared to have no difficulty in seeing a way to peace if Berlin is prepared to accept the declaration of independence and specific terms which the allies will accept as just and reasonable.

Without exception they characterized Lloyd George's remarks as a high expression of democratic aims in the great world struggle. They were referred to as "American thoughts and sentiments" and as in every way measuring up to the principles of freedom and democracy which have been so far upheld by President Wilson.

One of the most significant features of the British premier's statement, it was pointed out, was that none of the war aims which he discusses are such as any self-respecting democratic nation need have the slightest hesitancy in giving to the world.

On the "secret treaties" recently published in *Le Figaro* the Bolshevik leaders had led to the fear that possibly some of the allies had entered into binding agreements which the United States might find it hard to approve in all respects.

Lloyd George has brushed aside that theory and left nothing for the alleged documentary evidence used by Lenin and Trotsky to bolster up their efforts

"TIME TO SAVE"



in their efforts.

Cardinal O'Connell urged Loyalty at Big Service

BOSTON, Jan. 7.—Cardinal O'Connell addressed the members of 22 Holy Name societies of this city, at union services held at the Cathedral of the Holy Cross yesterday afternoon. "We all, love with an undying love this country of ours, America," said he. "Let us stand with our loyal boys over there in France, or in Belgium, or in Italy, or wherever they may be; stand with them shoulder to shoulder, in love, affection and loyalty to America.

The spacious cathedral was well filled and it is estimated that at least 500 men were present. These came as representatives of the Holy Name societies of the Catholic churches in the South End, West End, North End, and Roxbury.

Lloyd George has brushed aside that theory and left nothing for the alleged documentary evidence used by Lenin and Trotsky to bolster up their efforts

in their efforts.

Interest begins next Saturday.

Chalifoux's CORNER

SIMPLICITY THAT PLEASES

There are no fringes on the evening gown. Gaudier is what is only a poor little thing at best.

This store has eliminated everything that might be mistaken for gaudier or veneer. All who come here and see with their open eyes are judging our store by its stocks of merchandise and the quality of our men.

The last word of improvement is never spoken here. With a persistence born of true simplicity we keep on our daily task, feeling that there is always something to be accomplished and higher ideals to reach. Persistent endeavor we feel, leads to the Royal Road to Progress.

Lowell City Government for 1918 Inducted Into Office at City Hall Today

Perry D. Thompson Inaugurated as City's Mayor—No Change in Assignment of Commissioners—Constables, Surveyors and Weighers Appointed—School Board Will Organize Tomorrow—Points From His Honor's Inaugural Address

The city government of 1918—the last under the present charter, some of the dopesters ever—was formally inducted into office before a large and interested audience at 10 o'clock this morning, the usual formalities being carried out without a hitch.

The interior of the municipal building looked resplendent as the result of the hard work performed by Mr. Messenger's assistants on Saturday night and Sunday.

The decision of the supreme court restoring Messrs. Stiles and Foye to office probably had a disconcerting effect on the perennial office-seekers who appear regularly at city hall, on the morning of inauguration day, for they were conspicuous by their absence at today's exercises.

All interest, as usual, centered in the mayor's inaugural address. The address was brief, well written and well delivered and was characterized by the particular attention given to the affairs of the school department with which Mayor Thompson is quite familiar, having served as a member of the school committee. The mayor or discussing the school house situation favored the plan adopted in other cities of setting apart a definite part of each dollar raised by taxation for school department purposes, thereby relieving the municipal council of the responsibility of appropriating money, over the subsequent expenditure of which it has no control.

The inaugural address was listened to with rapt attention by the large audience and was enthusiastically applauded.

In the aldermanic chamber, all of the desks being laden with bouquets, resembled a flower garden. Judge Thom-



MAYOR PERRY D. THOMPSON

as J. Enright, of the local police court administered the oath of office to the mayor and Commissioners Donnelly and Morse, while prayer was offered by Rev. Herbert C. Benton, pastor of the Grace Universalist church.

Continued to Last Page

There were about 300 people present including the members of the mayor's family and the former mayors, Frederick W. Farrington and Postmaster Meahan. Shortly after 10 o'clock City Messenger Monahan advanced to the centre of the aldermanic chamber and politely requested the assembly to rise. Two minutes later he returned and announced the coming of the mayor-elect and other members of the council.

The procession was then started from the mayor's reception room and in the lead was Chief of Police Welsh.

Following the chief of police were Mayor James F. O'Donnell and Mayor-elect Perry D. Thompson, followed by Judge Thomas J. Enright, Rev. Herbert C. Benton and Commissioners James F. Donnelly, J. M. Morse, George H. Brown and Frank A. Warneck. Mayor O'Donnell took his place at the mayor's chair with Rev. Mr. Benton to his left and the mayor-elect to his right.

City Clerk Flynn called the roll and then the mayor-elect took the oath of office and then the members introduced the new mayor in the following terms: "Ladies and gentlemen, it affords me great pleasure to present to you the Hon. Perry D. Thompson, mayor of the city of Lowell."

Mayor Thompson's Address

Mayor Thompson's inaugural address was minus the figures that made the old time inaugural address so very tiresome and the important matters were dealt with in a manner that showed a very thorough investigation of conditions. The mayor's address conveyed the impression that he thoroughly appreciates the responsibilities of the office and he asks the co-operation of his brother commissioners and the

city council.

Continued to Last Page

NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT

It was 11 o'clock before the regular session of police court was opened this morning, the delay being occasioned by the absence of Judge Thomas J. Enright, who was present at the inauguration exercises at city hall. The docket proved to be a short one and was disposed of within an hour.

Sergt. Petrie, Sergt. Bigelow, Officers Moore, Cooney, T. Dwyer and O'Sullivan paid a visit to a coffee house in upper Market street early yesterday morning and placed 16 men under arrest. They were booked at the police station on complaints charging them with being present where gambling implements were found. William Leacock was booked for maintaining a gambling house. When the defendants were brought before the court this morning all entered a plea of guilty and the proprietor of the house paid a fine of \$50 while those who were present were each ordered to pay a fine of \$4.

Selling Liquor to Soldier

Peter J. Brady was arrested Saturday night by State Officers Lowell and Colpitt, charged with selling liquor to a soldier and John McNamee was arrested by Officers Dwyer and O'Sullivan on a charge of aiding and abetting a soldier to procure liquor. They were taken before the federal authorities.

Sent to Hospital

There was a lively mix-up at 22 Bradford street last night about 10:30 o'clock and as a result of the battle Tony Ponto was removed to the Lowell Corporation hospital suffering from wounds caused by a knife. Joaquin Fernandez was placed under arrest by Officers Regan and Mahan and sent to the police station where he was charged with being drunk. When arrested at the station a knife was found in his possession. He was arraigned in court this morning and upon pleading guilty to being drunk was ordered to pay a fine of \$5.

Other Offenders

Stanley Stiel and Vilney Ozaka were charged with being drunk and upon admitting their guilt was ordered to pay a fine of \$5.

Thomas H. McManon has been a source of annoyance to his father owing to the testimony of the latter and although the only charge preferred against him was that of drunkenness the court sent the defendant to jail for two months and told the father

SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The selective service act was today upheld as constitutional by the supreme court.

The government's contention that the power given congress to declare war includes power to compel citizens to render military service both at home and abroad were sustained by the court.

Chief Justice White, who delivered the unanimous opinion in a brief statement, declared that after considering the various contentions the conclusion has been reached that most of them were imaginary rather than real.

LOWELL SCHOOLS OPENED TODAY

Lowell's public and parochial schools opened this morning after the annual Christmas vacation which was extended this year on account of the coal shortage. In a number of the grammar schools and in the high school the cold wave had raised rations with the heating and plumbing systems but things were in pretty fair order this morning for the re-opening.

At the high school there was considerable trouble caused by the cold spell but classes went on as usual this morning and there was no marked divergence from the regular routine.

The Lowell Vocational school opened this morning after the extended Christmas vacation and there was a normal attendance of pupils. The cold wave did very little damage to the heating apparatus and general piping in the school and there was not enough trouble to interfere with the school routine.

Thomas E. Fisher, principal of the school, said this morning that it was gratifying to him that the parents of the pupils had the good sense to have their children return to school today and he said that there was no reason why there should be any break in the school work.

New evening classes for radio and buzzer operators are about to be opened and as soon as 25 members can be obtained for this department a class will be started.

The evening classes will re-open this evening and hold their usual sessions. In the girls' department new classes in sewing, cooking, millinery and home nursing are being opened. Those wishing to join them should register on or before Thursday night of this week.

CITY TREASURER AND PURCHASING AGENT AWAIT REINSTATEMENT NOTICE

Purchasing Agent Maxine Lepine and City Treasurer Fred H. Rourke have not yet received official notice from the supreme court to the effect that Edward H. Foye and Andrew G. Stiles have been reinstated to the offices of purchasing agent and treasurer respectively and until they do they will remain at their respective posts.

Mr. Foye called at city hall this morning and went into the office of the purchasing agent but inasmuch as Mr. Lepine was busy he went out again and stated he would return tomorrow morning. Mr. Stiles did not show up. Messrs. Lepine and Rourke when later asked what they would do, stated that they would remain in office until officially notified of the reinstatement of Messrs. Foye and Stiles.

Dancing TONIGHT ASSOCIATE HALL ADMISSION, 25¢ Miner-Doyle Orchestra

GULF REFINING CO.

Wants chauffeur for White truck. Permanent position.

Apply at office on Tanner St.

PATRICK A. HAYES LAWYER

Strand Bldg. 118 Central St. Tel. 6000

WANTED

30 laborers. Come ready to work. Year pay every night if you need it. Apply to Martin J. Quinn, 037 Gorham St., opposite Moore St.

Hour Sales

8 to 9 a. m.

28c GOLD DUST, pkg. 20c

9 to 10 a. m.

HATCHET SALMON

28c value, 23c

10 to 11 a. m.

CLUSTER RAISINS

13c Pkg.

Hour Sales

2 to 3 p. m.

MACARONI RINGS

(For Soup)

3c Pkg.

3 to 4 p. m.

SIRLOIN STEAK

25c Lb.

5 to 6 p. m.

SQUIRE'S PORK SAUSAGE

35c value, Lb. 28c

ENLISTMENTS SHOW U. S. ALIVE TO WAR MENACE

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Are the rank and file of America's fighters in this war because they want to be or because they have to be?

Has the response of the nation to the president's call to arms been spontaneous, or has it been forced only by the enactment of a draft law?

The best answer to these queries are the figures for enlistment to the army and navy since war was declared.

Although congress decided almost immediately following the declaration of war that our fighting forces should be raised by draft, nearly twice as many men have joined the colors by voluntary enlistment as have been brought in by the draft.

Volunteer forces on Dec. 28, in army and navy totaled more than 1,136,000. This in spite of the fact that no special volunteer recruiting campaigns have been conducted and in the face of repeated announcements by the war department that it preferred the bulk of the army to be raised under the provisions of the draft!

These volunteer forces are divided as follows:

Regular army, 458,301.

National guard, 375,000.

Navy, including marines, 299,813.

Volunteers enlisting in the regular army between April 1 and Dec. 26, 1917, were 344,193, or 161,301 more than needed to bring our old army or organization up to authorized "war strength."

Navy enlistments have been so heavy that the number of men in this service exceeds the number authorized by congress. And enlistments still continue at from 200 to 300 per day. These men will be enlisting and congress will be asked to raise the authorized strength in order to legalise their enlistment.

Against a total authorized strength of 175,000, the regular army on Dec. 26 contained 175,117 men. In addition there were 48,000 naval reserves; 16,500 National naval volunteers, formerly known as the naval militia; 33,630 marines; 5000 coast guardmen; 6125 in the navy and 15,000 other men.

Of a total strength of 477,000 men and officers in the National Guard, 373,000 were volunteers, 93,000 being supplied from the draft to fill units not completed when the guard regiments were ordered to camp.

In addition to these volunteer units, a new Home Guard organization is being formed, which is expected to be completely filled by volunteers who have had previous service in the army or National guard, who are not qualified for service overseas.

This Home Guard is to number approximately 25,000 men, and will be organized in 45 battalions. Its work will be the guarding of all water tanks, bridges, arsenals, munitions plants, and other places where army guards are maintained.

The guards will be armed with our old Krag and Springfield, and will be outfitted with our old blue uniforms.

Any man who has seen service is eligible for enlistment in this guard.

CAN'T FIND DANDRUFF

Every bit of dandruff disappears after one or two applications of Dandrine rubbed well into the scalp with the finger tips. Get a small bottle of Dandrine at any drug store for a few cents and save your hair. After several applications you can't find a particle of dandruff or any falling hair, and the scalp will never itch.

IN FIVE MINUTES NO SICK STOMACH, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Papa's Diapepsin" is the quickest and surest Stomach Relief.

You don't know what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well don't both er. If your stomach is in a revolt; if it's sick, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has tormented and turned sour; head dizzy and aches; belches; gases and acids and eructate indigest ed food; breath foul; tongue coated—just take a little Papa's Diapepsin to neutralize acidity and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have dyspepsia. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps the stomach sweetened, and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless antacid is Papa's Diapepsin, which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it stops food souring and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing. Your stomach will digest your meals if you keep acids neutralized.

WHEW! COLD!

Did you know how cold it was? You could have known if you had one of our reliable

Thermometers
20c to \$1.50
INSIDE, OUTSIDE, CANDY,
DAIRY

Authorized Agents for the Sale
of War Savings Stamps

Adams Hardware
AND PAINT CO.,
Middlesex St. Near Depo

THE OLD RELIABLE

BLOOD BUILDER

Still retains its supremacy. People still take Hood's Sarsaparilla because it is an old family friend, has proved its merit to three generations—in purified blood, expels humors, restored appetite, relieved rheumatism, banished tired feelings.

It long ago became recognized as the standard blood purifier and general tonic. It originated in a Boston physician's successful prescription, and comprises medicinal roots, herbs, barks and berries such as are often prescribed for ailments of the blood, stomach, liver and kidneys. Buy it in the same style package your mother bought it in—same fine appearance, same pleasant taste, same certainty of good results.

Upon demonstrated merit, efficiency or length of service."

Again, after pointing out that state employees are required to work only thirty-eight hours per week, the reporter says—"Such a condition of low working time efficiency is a reflection on the commonwealth and an unwarranted burden on the taxpayers of the state. Money-coddling of employees to such an extent can only tend to lower the business morale of these same employees even though it raises the popularity of department heads at the expense of the commonwealth."

On the subject of vacations, the council says—"The total vacation expense for 1916 was approximately \$244,436, representing forty departments and not including the institutional service. Of these departments thirty have a four-week period, so that the cost to these thirty departments would be \$184,827 for the four weeks; and the sum of \$59,413 would be saved in these departments by halving the vacation period. The total saving would undoubtedly be approximately \$100,000 yearly in the departmental service."

"It is strongly felt that a vacation period of one month is excessive and unnecessary, and constitutes a drain of large proportions upon the state treasury, necessitating also in most instances the employment of extra temporary help through the summer and consequent inefficiency in the conduct of state business."

HOYT.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

A well attended meeting of the Pawtucketville branch of the Artisans was held yesterday afternoon, Vice President Pierro Leblanc presiding in the absence of President Miller. It was voted to uphold the new charter granted to the central bureau of the Artisans, which enables them to write insurance, but which must be approved by all the branches before it becomes operative. It was also voted to start the recruiting contest which opened the first of January, and which is to close the first of April. This contest includes both adults and children and suitable prizes have been offered for the branches making the best showing.

In addition to routine matters, two new members were initiated and one eligible for membership received.

The annual nomination and election of officers will take place at the next meeting of the branch, which is to take place on Thursday, Jan. 15.

The annual meeting of the Irish National Foresters was held in A.O.H. Hall yesterday afternoon. There was a large attendance and considerable business was transacted. Three new members were initiated and five applications were received. The principal business of the meeting was the installation of officers, the following being inducted into office:

Joseph D. Hindey, chief ranger; Michael Handley, S.C.E.; James W. McKenna, treasurer; Thomas Nevin, financial secretary; Daniel Healev, recording secretary; Patrick Tumulty, senior woodman; John Norton, junior woodman; Michael Nugent, senior beadle; Hugh McGowan, junior beadle; John Quinn, and a special committee, Thomas Costello, Thomas W. Kearns, James McHugh, Thomas McNamara, Thomas Slattery, Thomas F. Keane, Hugh A. McQuade, Edward J. Cooney, Patrick Cassidy, Charles Shanley.

Auditing committee, James McHugh, Thomas McNamara, and Terrence Quinn.

Financial committee, James Cryan, James McHugh, Bernard McNeish.

After the meeting a social hour was enjoyed in which the following members took part: Newark, J. S. Hanley, C.R.; songs, Hugh McGowan, John Kenny, P. F. Sepon.

It was voted to raise a service flag to the members who are called to the colors. The meeting closed with all present singing the national anthem and "God Save Ireland."

There was no fire.

DIED SUDDENLY

Mrs. Mary Evans, employed as a weaver in the Merrimack Mfg. Co., was found dead in the hallway on the fourth floor of the Varnum block, 511 Bridge street, last night. She had been ill for several days and yesterday afternoon was attended by a physician. It is thought that she died late in the afternoon and that she attempted to cross the hallway to the room of another tenant when she fainted and later passed away.

Medical Examiner Smith viewed the remains and pronounced death due to chronic heart failure. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker James W. McKenna, 419 Bridge st.

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YESTERDAY

Yesterdays, a cablegram from the French government said that the wheat crop had been requisitioned

THE MIDDLE WEST IN BLIZZARD'S GRIP

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—Falling snow driven by a 35-mile gale over the entire Central west yesterday has very seriously impeded traffic of all sorts. Railway transportation officials reported last night that trains operating between Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Kansas City were "operating extremely" with danger of total stoppage becoming more imminent every hour.

In Chicago, where the snow storm was declared by the weather bureau to be the worst that had visited this city for many years, street car traffic virtually was abandoned by the surface lines though the elevated trains were able to operate in irregular schedules. Snow began falling at 10 o'clock Saturday night, and by midnight the wind had blown it into many drifts piled seven feet and more high in all thoroughfares. Automobile traffic was absolutely blocked in all parts of the city except in the business district.

The storm began Friday in the southwest and moved rapidly northward, reaching the advanced until yesterday when the furthest east it had reached seemed to be Indiana, which reported cold, with wind-driven sleet sweeping over the state. Minneapolis, St. Paul and Milwaukee all were affected similarly to Chicago. St. Louis reported two inches of snow precipitation since Saturday midnight, while in and around Chicago the snowfall itself was estimated at about one foot.

Hoist bureau officials held out little hope of an early abatement of the storm, declaring that reports indicated that the snow and wind would continue tomorrow, with a possible slackening of wind velocity, but increased coldness. Temperatures so far have remained just a little below seasonal during the storm.

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Streets in the residence districts of Chicago last night presented a most unusual aspect with innumerable automobiles abandoned in them with the snow piled by wind almost to globes of lamp posts in spots. Many of the drifts were wind-carved into grotesque shapes and sizes, and in the low-lying, sheltered corners of many business houses are blocked by drifts.

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no matter what his age, so long as he can meet the physical requirements. If the 25,000 are not recruited from the men who have seen service, the ranks will be brought up to strength from men subject to the draft, but who have minor defects that force their rejection for service in France.

Although since the new regulations for the draft went into effect Dec. 15, no person of draft age is permitted to volunteer, enlistments in the army continue, from men below or above draft age, at the rate of about 500 per day in the army and 200 per day in the navy. HARRY B. JUXT.

SALE
STARTS
TODAY

The Bon Marché
DRY GOODS CO.

SALE
STARTS
TODAY

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Odd Lots, Broken Lines and Discontinued Models in Our Corset Section

NEAR KIRK STREET
ENTRANCE

STREET
FLOOR

Nemo Corsets

Discontinued numbers, all good styles. \$3.00 value. \$3.00

Sale Price.....

Elastic Top Corsets

For slight figures, silk brocaded, in white. \$3.00 value. \$2.00

Sale Price.....

Corsets

Made of good material. Regular price \$1.00. Sale Price.....

69c

Brassieres

Lace trimmed, extra good quality. Regular price \$1.00. Sale Price.....

75c

Brassieres

Lace trimmed, good quality. Regular price 50c. Sale Price.....

39c

Pad Hose

Supporters

In black only. Regular price 25c.

Sale Price.....

19c

P. N. Corsets

Medium high bust, good model. \$2.00 value. Sale Price.....

1.39

Corsets

Lot of odd sizes. Regular price \$1.00. Sale Price.....

79c

Net Bandeau

Regular price 39c. Sale Price.....

25c

OUT OF STRIFE OF WAR WILL COME GREAT AND LASTING GOOD

At a union service of the First Universalists, Grace Universalist and First Unitarian church

CALL FOR CONDITION OF ALL NATIONAL BANKS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The committee of the currency today issued a call for the condition of all national banks of the United States at the close of business Monday, Dec. 31.

NEW PUMPING ENGINE GIVEN TRYOUT TODAY

The White triple combination hose, chemical and pump for the local fire department which arrived in this city last Thursday afternoon was given a tryout of its pumping qualities today at Aiken and Cheever streets along the bank of the Northern canal.

The test began shortly after 11 o'clock and it was well into the afternoon before it was completed. The weather was unusually disagreeable for the tryout but the authorities were determined to see it through. Among those at the tryout were members of Edward F. Saunders of the fire department, C. N. Sylvester, representing the White company of Cleveland, the builders of the truck; J. F. Driscoll of the board of underwriters, and William Hinckley, assigned by the White company as temporary driver of the machine. The members of Engine Co. No. 6 of Fletcher street assisted in the tryout.

Although no official verdict as to the efficiency of the pump will be given for a few days, nevertheless, the tryout in its preliminary stages seemed to satisfy the officials present. The water was pumped from the canal through a long line of hose and then turned back into the canal again. It was a cold and agreeable job for the men who handled the hose lines but they stuck to it until the test was over.

C. N. Sylvester of the White company in conversation with a representative of the Sun said this morning that the pump, which takes 100 gallons of water a minute and if stretched its capacity would get out 700 gallons. It has a 120-horse power. The motor is in the truck and this is an *an* permanent motor.

The White truck has what is known as a "squad" body in that it has seats for a squad of firemen in addition to the driver. The motor is 6 cylinder and is of 88 horsepower. The new truck is to be stationed at the Fletcher street engine house.

WITH THE ARMY AND NAVY

The local army recruiting station accepted two men for the regular service this morning. Thomas E. Donnelly of 4 Read street was accepted for the cavalry and will leave on Thursday for Fort Bliss, Texas. Archie H. Libby of Bath, Me., has enlisted in the United States Guards through the local station and will leave for Boston tomorrow.

John A. Melson of Reading was accepted as an apprentice seaman at the local navy station this morning and sent to Boston for formal enlistment.

Dentists and veterinarianians who are graduates of duly recognized institutions are wanted for the medical reserve corps of the regular army. Men for this service enlist as privates but they have an excellent opportunity of advancing in a short time. Sgt. Cox of the local regular army station in Central street will be glad to talk over the advantages of this branch with anyone interested.

Next Saturday afternoon there will be a meeting of the members of the British recruit canvassers of this city at the war work headquarters in Merrimack street. Following is the committee of workers who have volunteered their services in aiding the British recruiting mission in its work in this city: Chairman, Peter N. Caddell; secretary, N. McWatters, Henry A. Wishey, Joseph Pearson, Thomas McNamara, Joseph Green, William Barber, Norval Robertson, Sydney L. Garnett, J. L. Boughton, W. H. Shaw, William Axon, L. E. Field, James Allison, J. N. Miller, C. H. Ecker, A. G. Estes, J. A. Galagher, Samuel J. Nichol, Richard Sykes.

ANNUAL LINEN SHOWER AT ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL NEXT SATURDAY

The ladies of charity of St. John's hospital will hold their annual linen shower at the institution on Saturday afternoon next between the hours of 3 and 6 in the afternoon. The public is cordially invited and a large attendance is expected. No formal invitations have been sent out and all are equally welcome. Through the medium

of the shower the ladies of charity hope to replenish the supply of linen at the hospital, and unless one has had actual experience in a hospital he or she cannot appreciate the great amount of linen required by such institutions in the course of a year. Therefore the society hopes that the public will generously contribute their donations on this occasion. The regulation hospital sheets are 72 by 90 and those who intend to contribute sheets are respectfully requested to conform to this size sheet if possible. Other articles of linen also badly needed will be very acceptable.

The shower will take the form of a reception in charge of Mrs. John H. Murphy, and leading local talent will give a musical program.

LIQUOR SQUAD'S ACTIVITIES

The activities of the liquor squad continue and complaints have been issued from the office of the license commission against Mercer & Co., holders of a liquor license of the first class in Moody street, charged with selling to a minor and also against the Cecil hotel in Middletown street, with selling liquor to an intoxicated person. The respondents will appear before the license commission at the regular meeting to be held tomorrow evening. Mr. Roach & Co., charged with selling liquor to an intoxicated person, will be held January 22.

SUN BREVITIES

EST PRINTING: Tobin's, Asso. Eng. A bonus consisting of an extra week's pay was given the employees of the printing house in North Billerica last Saturday, this being in accordance with plans formulated by the officials of the company several months ago.

There was a well attended meeting of the fixers of the United States Cartridge Co. at Odd Fellows hall in Middletown street yesterday afternoon. The recently elected officers were installed after which a banquet was served.

Patrick Maria, residing at 1176 Lawrence street, was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital shortly before seven o'clock last night, suffering from a fracture of the right leg as a result of falling down a flight of stairs at his home.

There was something doing at Town corner Saturday afternoon when Fred H. Rourke disposed of 5000 boxes of cold 100 proof rum. Men, women and children were present and when the boxes were passed out the "black diamonds" were carted away on sleds, wagons, baby carriages and sleighs.

SHEA—The funeral of Mrs. Anna

instituted for savings unanimously voted on Friday to recommend to the trustees that the bank pay its semi-annual dividend on January 12th next at the rate of 3 1/4 per cent for the past six months. Savings bank depositors will be interested to know that this places the dividend rate on the basis of 4 1/8 per cent per year.

Lowell observed her second "lightless night" last evening and but for the white way illumination the streets were very dark and gloomy. The weather is expected that the city government will take some definite action on the dousing of part of the white way lights in the near future although this class of lighting does not come under the ban of the fuel administration as yet. The next "lightless night" will be on Thursday evening.

The Lowell council of the Knights of Columbus will assist in the formal opening of the K. of C. hall number 21 at Camp Devens tomorrow evening by providing an entertainment to the members and a troupe of young men and women from this city will compose a minstrel chorus for the evening and a number of other features are planned. A special car leaving Merrimack square at 6 o'clock will take the Lowell talent "up there." Commissioner James E. Donnelly and Grand Knight Robert R. Thomas will have general charge of arrangements.

FUNERALS

JESUS—The funeral of Antonio Jesus took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the home of his parents, Michael and Matilda Jesus, 96 Worthen street. The services were held at St. Anthony's church at 3 o'clock. Rev. John Perry officiating. Burial took place in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the final prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Perry. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons had charge of the funeral arrangements.

WILLIAMS—The funeral of Rose L. Williams was held at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Williams, 11 Gay street, North Chelmsford, Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. E. A. Jenkins, pastor of the North Chelmsford Congregational church. The body was placed in the receiving tomb in the Edson cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Under-takers George W. Healey.

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SHEA—The funeral of Mrs. Anna

she took place this morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 5 Frankin street. A mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Rev. John H. Shea, Joseph Lynch, William Connealy, John Moore, Michael McCabe and Frank McCormick, in St. Patrick's cemetery. Charles H. Molley's sons were in charge.

ROACH—The funeral of Mr. Simon J. Roach took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from his home, 24 Fulton street, and was largely attended. The cortège proceeded to St. Michael's church where, at 9 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Francis J. Mullin. There were many beautiful floral offerings. The bearers were Messrs. John J. Donahue, T. Bernard, James and Frank Roach, and John Emmett. Interment was made in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read at the grave by Rev. Fr. Mullin. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

OLSON—The funeral services of Otto Olson were held yesterday afternoon at the funeral parlors of Undertaker William H. Saunders, 217 Appleton street, at 2:30 o'clock, and were largely attended. The Swedish Mutual Aid Society attended. The family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committal service was read by Rev. Fr. Mullin. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

GRUGAN—John T. Grugan, aged 10 years, son of John and Catherine Russell Grugan, died last evening at the home of his parents, 139 Hampshire street. He leaves his husband, Michael McDonough. The remains were removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

GRUGAN—John T. Grugan, aged 10 years, son of John and Catherine Russell Grugan, died last evening at the home of his parents, 139 Hampshire street. He leaves his husband, Michael McDonough. The remains were removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

FOOTE—Mrs. Lydia M. Foote, aged 78 years and 17 days, at her home, 25 Wannalancet street, died last evening at the home of her son, John T. Foote, 25 Wannalancet street, Tuesday afternoon at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. Please omit flowers. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

GRUGAN—The funeral of John T. Grugan will take place Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from the home of his parents, John and Catherine Russell Grugan, 139 Hampshire street.

The funeral mass will be sung at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery.

KELLY—Miss Clara Beard died Saturday at St. John's hospital. Miss Beard was for years an assistant in the city library. Miss Beard was born in Lowell and was a member of the First Unitarian church. She was a member scholar in Lowell high school.

SPENCER—Miss Mary J. Spencer died yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents, Thomas H. and Mary Spencer, 432 Lincoln street, at the age of 80 years. She leaves behind her two brothers, Thomas B. and Edward J. Spencer, and two sisters, Miss Grace Spencer and Mrs. William Mullin, all of this city.

SCANLON—Patrick J. Scanlon, an esteemed resident of St. Patrick's parish, died yesterday at his home, 25 North Franklin court, after a long illness. He leaves his wife, Bridget Scanlon; two daughters, the Misses Mary and Gertrude Scanlon, one brother, Peter, a sister, Mrs. James Tynan and his father, Peter Scanlon.

KELLEY—Michael J. Kelley, an esteemed member of St. Columba's church, died this morning at the home of his son, Mr. Charles D. Kelley, 25 North Franklin court. The son, Thomas A. Kelley, was left a widow. Besides his daughter, he leaves his wife, Bridget Scanlon; two sons, John J. and Joseph P. Kelley, two nieces, Mrs. Joseph Bedore of North Easton, and Mrs. John Barlow of Lowell. Also, a brother, William, and three grandchildren, William, Dorothy and Walter Kelley.

MORRISSEY—Mrs. Johanna Morrissey

DEATHS

WHITMAN—Edward J. Whitman, formerly a resident of this city, died this morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 154 Franklin street, aged 77 years. She leaves two sons, John J. and Robert T. Whitman, and five grandchildren.

WILCOX—Margaret E. Wilcox, infant daughter of Leo F. and Mary Wilcox, died morning at their home, 208 Main-street road, aged 3 months.

KNOX—Mrs. Minnie S. Knowles died at her home, 12 Forest street yesterday morning, aged 62 years. She leaves one brother, Frank G. Bates of La Grange, Me.

LUCE—Mrs. Fannie L. Luce, formerly of this city, died at her home in Tunbridge, Vt., Jan. 4, aged 80 years. She leaves her husband, Ransom Luce, one son and three daughters.

MCDONOUGH—Mrs. Mary McDonough died yesterday at 42 Franklin street. She leaves her husband, Michael McDonough. The remains were removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

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MORRISSEY—Mrs. Johanna Morrissey

widow. Thomas J. was an old dear of his city and an esteemed member of St. Margaret's parish, died this morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 154 Franklin street, aged 77 years. She leaves two sons, John J. and Robert T. Whitman, and five grandchildren.

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MORRISSEY—Mrs. Johanna Morrissey

Another Demonstration of Chalifoux Value

IN OUR GREAT

Housewares Dept.

ENTIRE 5th FLOOR

JANUARY SALE BEGINS TODAY

Only a few of the good, live, attractive values are advertised. We suggest that you take an inventory of your kitchen utensils and household utilities and stock up for a year or more. Manufacturers' prices are still advancing. Materials are growing scarcer—notwithstanding conditions, we are maintaining Chalifoux Quality. And quality in housewares we believe to be of supreme importance. Chalifoux Housewares are known in thousands of homes for long service; cheapest in the long run; reasonable in the beginning—more than reasonable at January prices. BUY NOW.

CLOTHES DRYERS

Eight drying arms, dryer fastens to wall, can be raised or lowered as needed. Specially priced 69c

MRS. POTT'S IRONS

Best grade, "Enterprise" make, full nickel finish, set of three, with detachable handle and stand. Specially priced \$1.49 Set

CLOTHES HAMPERS

Square splint baskets, with covers, two sizes, priced 79c and 98c Each

ELECTRIC IRONS

Full nickel finish, positive guarantee, complete with cord and plug \$2.50

MOP WRINGERS

Heavy wooden bucket, with wringer arrangement attached. Two sizes, Specially priced \$1.98, \$2.50 Each

SOLDIERS CHEER CONG. ROGERS

Congressman John Jacob Rogers spoke before an audience of 2000 soldiers in the YMCA auditorium at Camp Devens, yesterday afternoon, and his remarks aroused the enthusiasm of the soldiers to the highest pitch. The boys cheered for several minutes after Congressman Rogers had concluded his remarks.

After describing his meeting with the American troops "over there" and the conditions that exist among the American army, Congressman Rogers had concluded his remarks.

"But we've got to fight this out so that we know Germany is going to be a decent neighbor in the civilized world," he said. "We can't do that with a peace which Germans will regard in their hearts as a peace with us."

"We must have the German empire beaten so that every German will know that it is beaten. We must have this not for indemnities or for selfish reasons, but so that when this war is over we will know that it's done for good."

It was then that his audience, which is going to help do that job, let itself loose.

Congressman Rogers contrasted this camp and Camp Meade, Md., with training quarters of European armies with everything in favor of conditions here.

"Aldershot," the most widely known British camp, he said, "no more comfortable with the comforts which you have here than a restaurant in the center of Boston compares with a Back Bay hotel."

Congressman Rogers told of the billets for the armies in France, saying that they, too, contrast unfavorably with the cantonments of this country.

"Gen. Pershing is particularly proud of the health of his men," said Congressman Rogers. "The sick rate is a trifle under 2 per cent, despite the necessity of getting acclimated."

"You're going to like General

Pershing. He is every inch the soldier, one of the strongest men I have ever met and an absolute disciplinarian. Every man under him is convinced and ready to go the limit for him."

The nearest thing to a complaint he heard from the men was because mail was slow in arriving, he said.

"The men are in fine fettle. They don't complain, of course, but they would be in America. But there are just a sticker in their local devotion to the cause of the United States. There isn't a man who is not determined to run the thing through," continued the speaker.

The rest of the Sunday afternoon's program for this audience was a solo violin treat, three numbers played by Irma Seydel. The program was of German composers mostly, but it made no difference to that audience—the American soldiers liked her music.

"Worse cases than yours have recovered," Anton said to me. "Have faith. Pray! There in the hospital he taught me to pray."

"A new light came into my life and I began to feel that maybe, after all, I wasn't going to die."

"After 12 months I left the hospital

almost as good as new, physically, and an entirely new man spiritually. I now believe in God with all my heart. Certainly God is behind the surgical wonders that our doctors are daily performing in our hospitals."

Anton's experience in the realms of religion have been duplicated by millions of French soldiers.

Put a regiment of soldiers in a front line trench, a few hundred yards from the enemy and let the shells burst about them day and night and their thoughts will invariably turn to God and religion.

Why is it that one man will be spared while the comrades on either side are pierced through?

It's always unanswerable.

And that's why an overwhelming majority of French soldiers have turned to religion for comfort and courage in the hours of their greatest perils.

One old priest said to me, "The passion for religion cannot fail to continue after the war. It means much for the future of France."

C. C. Lyon.

Special to The Sun.

WITH THE PERSHING ARMY IN FRANCE, Jan. 7—Controle American.

There is more genuine religion in France today, after three years of carnage, than at any time in the last century.

Throughout France—in big cities and tiny villages—the churches are crowded and it is easy to tell from the look in the faces that the average Frenchman has come to find a new comfort and solace in his religion.

The story of one French soldier is

interesting.

On two Sundays in succession I had met Anton and his wife at the little church in the village. They kept a fruit store and several times I had stopped and bought from them.

Anton had been horribly wounded.

"I never believed in God before the war," he told me. "When they took me to a hospital and told me I was going to die I accepted their verdict."

"But a good priest came to my bedside. 'Worse cases than yours have recovered,' Anton' he said to me. 'Have faith. Pray! There in the hospital he taught me to pray.'

"A new light came into my life and I began to feel that maybe, after all, I wasn't going to die."

"After 12 months I left the hospital

almost as good as new, physically, and an entirely new man spiritually. I now believe in God with all my heart. Certainly God is behind the surgical wonders that our doctors are daily performing in our hospitals."

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Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 7.—One more semi-holiday for the state, October 11 as Massachusetts day, the designation of the mayflower as the floral emblem of the commonwealth and the awarding of a "Mexican Service" medal to all who took part in border service, is asked for in bills which have been filed with the legislature.

This state is one of the few in the Union which has not officially adopted an emblem from nature, the petitioners say, which is representative either of the history or the character of the state. The mayflower which is now suggested as the Bay State emblem, is thought to be an especially appropriate one.

Regarding the question of another

holiday, the advocates say that some

day should be set apart for observance of the services which illustrious sons and daughters of Massachusetts have rendered to the nation and to mankind.

No other state in the Union, they say, has written its name so clearly and proudly as Massachusetts and it is the plan to have the deeds of all adults and in the hearts of children as a means of influencing the future by the history of the past.

The record made by the National

Guardians of this state in the trou-

ble times on the Mexican border

during the summer of 1916 should be officially recognized also and the best means would be by the awarding to all officers and men of appropriate

medals, according to Rep. Patrick M. Costello of Boston, who filed that bill.

HOYT.

The old iron hoop, used for many

years as a fire alarm near the South

Westville, N. J., station, has been re-

moved as the local fire company now

has a regular bell.

Two Noble Nuts Navigating the Ocean of Nonsense

ADDED FEATURE—DIRECT FROM B. F. KEITH'S, BOSTON

GEORGE AL

Rockwell & Wood

Two Noble Nuts Navigating the Ocean of Nonsense

SPECIAL FEATURE—THE TWO POPULAR LOWELL GIRLS

BESSIE ZENA

MORIN SISTERS

In a Variety of Dances

EXTRA BIG FEATURE—FIRST TIME IN LOWELL

Three Rosellas

Some Music—Some Laughs

Abbott & White

ALANSON

The Boys from Songland

And His Novelty Surprise

THE FAMOUS BEAUTY AND INTERNATIONAL STAGE STAR

ELSIE FERGUSON

In Her Latest Aircraft Screen Production

"The Rise of Jennie Cushing"

From the famous novel by Mary S. Watts

USUAL KEITH PICTORIAL WEEKLY—CONCERT ORCHESTRA

THE BIGGEST SHOW IN TOWN AT THE LOWEST PRICES

THE BIGGEST EVENT IN SEASONS

LOWELL'S OWN BIG FAVORITE IN ONE OF AMERICA'S

GREATEST COMEDIES

Special Engagement of the Popular

JOSEPH CREHAN

With All the Favorites of the Company in that Great Success

"Charley's Aunt"

One Long Riot of Laughter from Start to Finish—The Same Big Production as Given in New

York and Boston

SECURE SEATS EARLY

Arrange to See the Play as Early in the

Week as Possible and Those Who Can Conveniently Do So, Are Advised to Attend the

Matinee.

1000 Seats at 10 Cents

THIS AFTERNOON AND THIS

EVENING

Ladies Occupying the Ladies' Seats at Each

Performance, Will Be Given a Choice of Any

\$25.00 Suit at the York Shop.

"CHARLEY'S AUNT" WITH JOE CREHAN AND THE EMERSON PLAYERS WILL PROVE THE BIGGEST HIT THIS CITY HAS EVER KNOWN

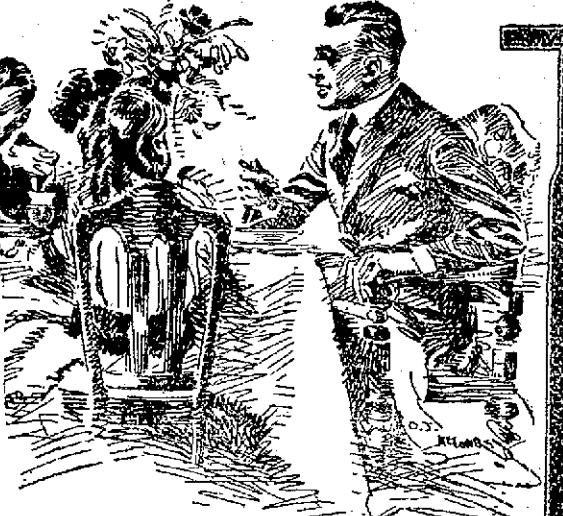
MOTH SUPERINTENDENT FOR TOWN OF DRACUT

At a recent meeting of the board of selectmen for the town of Dracut, Thomas F. Carrick was re-elected superintendent of the moth department in compliance with the recommendation of State Forester Rose. This will make Mr. Carrick's ninth season as moth inspector for the town of

Armour's Foods for Meatless Days



Buy These "Meatless" Meal Foods Under Armour's Oval Label
Canned Fish, Canned Vegetables, Canned Fruits, Cheese, Cooked Ham, Rice (in cartons), Baked Beans, Poultry, Spaghetti, Eggs.



You can have a "meatless" meal—an Oval Label repast—everything on the table uniform in quality and up to the Armour standard—and yet—

Not an ounce of meat!

You can go farther—you can use *Vegetole* or Glendale Oleomargarine as a butter equivalent. And you can eliminate lard by using *Vegetole*, our pure vegetable product for cooking and shortening.

Call our branch house manager and ask for names of Oval Label dealers in your neighborhood

ARMOUR & COMPANY
W. A. KIERSTEAD, Manager,
Lowell
Tel. 5700

Armour's
QUALITY
PRODUCTS

For "Armour" is the big name in pure foods—not in meats alone but in hundreds of other foods—the choice selection for the nation's best in fruits, fish, grains and vegetables, all delivered to you under the top grade quality guarantee of the Oval Label.

Serve the nation by serving on your table the great variety of Armour's meatless products. Write to our Domestic Science Department for meatless menus.

which both by innuendo and anonymously, coupled with Mr. Heney's innocent denials to be personally interviewed, charge that the United States is planning to have receivers take over the packing houses and that Mr. Heney is the paid attorney of the federal trade commission and as such he should occupy and discharge his official duties in a fair way. He has, however, assumed the powers, not only of the federal trade commission but of the government itself.

"Under no act of congress passed a few months ago, authorizing the United States food administration so to do, the government has in effect already assumed practical control of the packing business."

"Through the efforts of a corporation in Philadelphia, which has no connection whatever with the packing houses and whose operations have not the slightest influence on the cost of meat, the press despatches scatter all over news selected by Mr. Heney to lead the country interviews with Mr. Heney color to his pre-conceived and pre-arranged opinions. Each day there

issue from the inquiry room press despatches that refer to the 'meat trust,' the food combine which has the public in its grip, and similar unfounded press stories which can only be construed as appeals to stir up the passions and prejudices of the people."

"The cost of meat is high, but there are controlling economic reasons therefore which can be readily ascertained and should be by some governmental agencies explained to the people. An examination of the prices paid for live stock today as compared with those paid a few years ago discloses an increase of about 40 per cent."

"The packers today are uniformly straining every effort efficiently to aid the government in winning the war."

"No greater injury can be done to the packers than to affect their credit by fomenting public discontent and creating strong feelings, cloaked with apparent official authority, that federal receivers are to be appointed of the properties and businesses of the packers."

SECRETARY OF SHIPPING BOARD
INSPECTS SCHOOLS
AT M. L. F.

CAMBRIDGE, Jan. 8.—Lester Sisler, secretary of the United States shipping board, today inspected the marine engineering and navigation schools conducted by the board at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for the merchant marine.

Mr. Sisler, who is in Boston for the commissioning of two new ships recently arrived from England, inspected the schools which were the first to be put in commission for training seamen and officers for merchant marine crews.

Guard Children Against Worms

Pinworms and stomach worms are some of the most dreaded diseases of children.

Signs of worms are: Diarrhea, stomach, swollen liver, pale face, offensive breath, hard and full belly with occasional gripes and pains about the navel, pale face of the child, eyes heavy and drooping, dry skin, itching or the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever.

"We must return to Christ," his holiness added, "in order once more to enjoy the benefits of civilization."

He expressed opinion that the nobility had joined with the people in condemning the recent air raids which were against the rights of man. The pope raised his voice against the form of warfare which is used against

the Pope's Elixir, the Family Laxative and Warm Expeller, will surely and quickly exp

SERBIANS LAY WREATH AT MT. VERNON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—In the presence of a gathering representative of official Washington, Dr. Milenko Vesnitch, head of the Serbian war mission to the United States, laid a wreath upon the tomb of Washington at Mt. Vernon yesterday with a tribute to the patriots of liberty from "a small and valiant little nation."

Secretary Lansing, who introduced Dr. Vesnitch, said the record of Serbia challenged the admiration of Christendom and that the cause of the present war is the cause for which Washington fought.

"With God's help we will triumph even as he triumphed," said the secretary.

Dr. Vesnitch spoke of his people's love of liberty.

"This, also," he said, "has brought us misfortune. The autocrats and the despots surrounding us, the Teutons and the Turks, have pushed upon us and have crucified Serbia, ay, more, our whole race, the Jugoslavs. We shall stand again."

The American whom Gen. Pershing commands in Europe will complete the work of our liberty.

"Your beloved land stands at the zenith of its grandeur and through no fault of your own you have aroused the envy of selfish, ambitious and Prussianized Germany. You are of the stature to face the enemy, the more so, as in this patriotic struggle you have with you the frank and the honest among the nations."

TEXTILE SCHOOL TRUSTEES ASK FOR \$94,000

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 7.—Appropriations totalling \$94,000 are requested this year by the trustees of the Lowell Textile school, in their annual petition to the legislature.

Of this sum \$50,000 is the usual appropriation made in recent years for the maintenance of the school; \$6,000 is for the construction of an additional story on the Union hall, and \$36,000 for a new union building; the remaining \$2000 is to be used in improving the grounds.

The adoption by the people of the so-called anti-old amendment of the constitution has apparently had no effect on the trustees, so far as their petition is concerned, although the trustees of the similar school at Wall River have realized that state appropriations are probably no longer possible for their school under its present system of management, and have prepared a bill providing that the school shall hereafter be managed by the state.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL
For the week ending Jan. 5: Population, 107,978; total deaths, 41; deaths under five, 13; "infectious diseases," 4; acute lung diseases, 3; tuberculosis, 4. Death rate, 21.19 against 17.33 and 16.7 for the week.

"Infectious diseases" reported: Smallpox, 1; typhoid fever, 1; measles, 1; cerebro spinal meningitis, 1; tuberculosis, 4. Board of Health.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Philip R. Dunbar of Brookline, son of the late Judge James R. Dunbar, was appointed assistant attorney of Norfolk and Plymouth counties Friday by District Attorney F. G. Kavanagh. He succeeds George G. Adams who resigned after serving eight and one-half years to accept a commission in the aviation corps.

Mr. Dunbar recently married Miss Bonney Liley, daughter of Hon. Chas. S. Liley of this city.

ICEBOUND SAILORS ON FOOD HIKE IN BAY

WOODS HOLE, Jan. 7.—After two of the crew of the Maona, the three-masted lumber schooner held in the ice four miles off Pascua Island, had walked out and piled the ice from the bay to the icebreaker from Newport to get provisions yesterday the icebreaker, which itself had been tied up 36 hours in a futile attempt at relief, managed to extricate herself and started back to Newport.

Samuel Gaskill, a sailor on the three-masted schooner Warren E. Potter, impaled in the ice two miles off Cuttyhunk, had to leave ship yesterday, before he said, "sick and tired of life on the ship." He walked to Pascua Island, seven miles distant, got a bite to eat at the home of Capt. and Mrs. Wilcox and again set out in feverish desire to get away from the icebound territory.

Last heard of him last night he was crossing Nauset Island and heading this way to a train to take him "back to God's country" which is anywhere that affords warmth, a little food and an occasional change of scene.

Capt. G. E. Eaton of the lighthouse tender America sailed from New Bedford yesterday and arrived at noon at Nantucket and attempted to break the ice blockade there which imprisons the schooner Sankaty, helpless since Wednesday.

The maximum temperature yesterday at noon was 20 above.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Note.—Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come later.

H. P. KEITH'S THEATRE

Fred Ardath knows as much about rural characters as Donnan Thompson or Lou Blair Parker ever did, and if you don't believe it go to Keith's theatre this week, and see "The Corner Store," a comedy of ruralities which is about the funniest thing of its kind ever shown. Ardath has furnished a cast of seven persons, and each one has been picked because he or she fits into the kind of fun provided. The situation is the real one that caused New York to laugh so heartily only a week ago, and critics vanguarders were pronounced it as good as any thing they had seen in a long time.

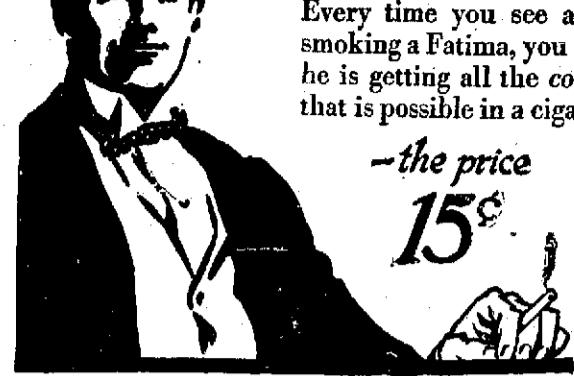
Rockwell and Wood thrive on their nutty fun, and audiences will dispel the blues with the brand of fun offered by these two "noble nuts." They are not imitators of anybody; the work is original and new, and it is spot on.

And what do they use to create this fun, other than their own heads? A tiny whistle, a banjo and two good voices are the accessories of the act. That's all the two comedians need to spin their good ship over the ocean of nonsense.

The three Rosellas combine harmony

FATIMA

A Sensible Cigarette



Every time you see a man smoking a Fatima, you know he is getting all the comfort that is possible in a cigarette.

—the price
15¢

the pastor, Rev. Leon LaMothe in charge.

At St. Marie's church yesterday morning the older girls of the parish received their regular monthly communion. Rev. Julian Racette, O.M.I. officiated.

Rev. Eugene Vincent preached at all the masses at St. Louis' church yesterday. The subject of his sermon was the Feast of Epiphany. The result of the meeting of the children of Mary sodality was held at 1:30 yesterday afternoon with Rev. Labossiere in charge.

With an estimated production of nearly \$53,000,000,000 cubic feet of natural gas, the United States established a new high record last year.

NEW PASTOR CONDUCTS FIRST SERVICE

Rev. J. S. Kennedy, the newly appointed pastor of the First Presbyterian church, conducted his first service in the church yesterday morning and the congregation filled the church. The subject of his morning sermon was "Melchisedech," while at the evening service Rev. Mr. Kennedy spoke on "Within the Law." The new pastor is 28 years of age and came to this city from Lonsdale, R. I. where for a number of years he held a pastorate.

ASSISTANT SCOUT MASTER OF DRACUT BOY SCOUTS ELECTED

Deputy Commissioner Stevens is the

Rev. George Burton Marston, of the First Baptist church of Stonington, Conn., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Fifth Street Baptist church and will assume his duties the first Sunday in February.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Lowell, Monday, Jan. 7, 1918.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Our January Department Clearances Now Going On

The most important Bargain Events of the year—more attractive as to selection and values than ever before. Every department has three days of special prices—some continue longer, but nearly every section has closed out the marked down goods before the allotted time. Owing to the cold weather of the past few days, there are some of the specials left for this week's sale in Muslin Underwear, Stationery, Dress Goods and Women's Wearables.

FOUR NEW DEPARTMENTS ARE READY FOR TODAY'S SELLING. THE ORANGE CARDS MARK THESE NEW SECTIONS—BOOKS, INFANTS' WEAR, RIBBONS AND FANCY WORK.

BOOKS

All of our 60¢ Fiction will be closed out at 45¢ Each or 3 for \$1.25. Below are listed a few of the good selling titles:

Anne of Avonlea	Mary Moreland
The Story of Julia Page	The Talker
Making Over Martha	Mr. Pratt
The Man From Glenary	The Postmaster
The Money Master	That Printer of Udel's
That Printer of Udel's	Alec Lloyd, Cowpuncher
Georgeina of the Rainbows	The Golden Slipper
The Real Adventure	Steve Yeager
The Crevice	The Song of the Cardinal
Cappy Ricks	From the Houseops
The Bachelors	Capo Cod Stories
Mavericks	Quo Vardis
The MacLstrom	The Way of These Women
	The Eagle of the Empire

CLEARANCE SALE PRICE

45¢ Each or 3 for \$1.25

Books for Boys

Mexican War Series, Dave Porter Series, Bar B Series—Were 60¢ each. Clearance sale price...45¢ Each, or 3 for \$1.25

Bert Wilson Series, The Submarine Boys, Boy Scout Series, The Bird Boys, Boys of Liberty Library—Were 35¢ each. Clearance sale price.....25¢ Each

Boy Scout Series, Famous Adventure Series, Harry Castlemore Series—Were 25¢ each. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Each

Infants' Department

Children's All Wool Sweaters, blue trimmed, with white buttons, high at neck, with pockets and belt; ages 2 and 3 years; regular \$1.69 value. Clearance sale price	\$1.00
Children's Sweaters, in red, brown, gray and white; ages 1 and 2 years only; regular 59¢ value. Clearance sale price39¢
Children's Coats, in navy, brown and green corduroy; smart little styles, lined and interlined; ages 4 and 5 years; regular \$3.75 value. Clearance sale price	\$2.49
Children's Caps, in red, brown, rose and open; ages 2 to 6 years; regular 50¢ value. Clearance sale price29¢
Infants' Bonnets, of white corduroy, trimmed with pink, also white trimmed with blue; ages 6 months to 2 years; regular 50¢ value. Clearance sale price29¢
Children's Flannelette Gowns, in pink and white stripes and blue and white stripes, made of extra good quality flannelette; ages 2 to 8 years; regular 79¢ and 69¢ values. Clearance sale price .59¢	
Children's Rompers, in blue and white stripes, good quality chamberlain; ages 2 and 3 years only; regular 50¢ value. Clearance sale price40¢
Children's Bath Robes, in brown and red Indian patterns; ages 2 and 3 years only; regular \$1.75 value. Clearance sale price	\$1.25

Carriage Robes, white eiderdown carriage robes, trimmed with pink and blue; regular \$1.25 value. Clearance sale price98¢ |

Children's Colored Dresses, in blue and white check, and pink and white checks, made with white collars and cuffs; ages 2, 4, 6 years; regular \$1.50 value. Clearance sale price \$1.00 |

Third Floor Take Elevator

ART GOODS

Mussed and Soiled Stamped Linen and Novelties

Stamped Pillow Covers, regular price 29¢, 50¢ and 75¢. Clearance sale price	
10¢ and 25¢	

Stamped Scarfs and Centers, regular price 35¢, 75¢ and 90¢. Clearance sale price	
25¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢	

Stamped Linen Guest Towels, regular price 25¢, 35¢ and 50¢. Clearance sale price	
25¢, 35¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢	

Stamped Hot Biscuit Covers, regular price 25¢. Clearance sale price	
25¢	

Stamped Collars, regular price 25¢, 35¢ and 50¢. Clearance sale price	
25¢, 35¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢	

Stamped Bath Towels, regular price 25¢, 35¢ and 50¢. Clearance sale price	
25¢, 35¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢, 50¢, 75¢, 90¢	

Hand Made Cluny Lace Doilies, regular price 25¢, 50¢ and \$1. Hand Embroidered Center, regular price \$1.75, \$2.50, \$5.00 and \$8.50. Clearance sale price	
\$1.25 and \$1.50	

Hand Embroidered Children's Dresses, reg. price \$1.50, \$2.50, \$5 and \$6.25. Clearance sale price	

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

PLENTY OF WOOD

State Forester Rane says there is plenty of wood fuel which if properly handled would greatly assist in the saving of coal. If Mr. Rane would only point out some practical method of unloading it in our big cities without the employment of an army of men and a lot of railroad cars that cannot be found, he could render a great service to the public.

DAMAGE IN SCHOOL BUILDINGS

There seems to be no excuse for the bursting of water pipes and the cracking of bowls in the school buildings during the holidays. It is stated that the sum of \$4,000 was saved in the non-consumption of coal while the schools were closed, but when the plumbers' bills for repairing the breaks are paid, there will be a very large hole made in this \$4,000. The pipes should be protected by proper covering and like precautions would in most cases have saved the bowls from cracking.

AS TO BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

We hope that you read that fine article by George W. Perkins, one of the country's foremost business men and financial experts, in which he declared that our country is as unprepared for peace as it was for war and that co-operation, not competition, is to be our economic and industrial salvation. It is well to know just where gentlemen of Mr. Perkins' environment, association and development stand.

Mr. Perkins laid particular stress on our government's present supreme efforts to combine, consolidate and co-ordinate the railroads and other big industrial undertakings and added:

"The very things against which our government fought during very many years, using the Sherman law as its weapon, it is now trying to achieve, regardless of the Sherman law. And its course is the only possible one."

Naturally enough, Mr. Perkins largely overlooks the difference between combination and co-ordination by the government in behalf of all the people, as in war times, and combination and co-ordination by individuals or groups, in behalf of a few individuals or corporations.

Mr. Perkins appears to think that corporations should have the same right to combine and monopolize as has the government. His view might be favored if corporations would prove as unselfish as the government but unfortunately the universal experience is against him in any such assumption. The Sherman anti-trust law may have been too narrow in some of its phases. Combinations are necessary but they must be closely restricted to prevent imposition upon the public. Under the government all business concerns combine for the common good. Under private management, they combine for their own selfish ends and to fleece the public whenever they can.

LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH

The new statement of British war aims by Premier Lloyd George of England is the clearest and most comprehensive yet made. It is ingeniously devised to appeal to the Russians and even to the countries allied with Germany inasmuch as Britain for the first time has made an unequivocal declaration in favor of self-determination for the subject nationalities such as Poland and Lithuania, in addition to showing a willingness to part with the German colonies if the peace conference shall so decide. This matter of territorial readjustment by self-determination for the peoples involved, is the one on which Germany has broken with the Bolshevik peace delegates. She holds this plan of dealing with various peoples to be impracticable or impossible.

It is a great concession for England to make, as it implies legislative self-government for all her colonies and all the territory to which she may lay claim. In addition to these conditions, Premier George states that England will insist upon the re-establishment of the sanctity of treaties and upon the limitation of armaments after the war, the great aim being to secure a lasting peace, to be enforced by an international organization. Furthermore, the premier said, England will fight to the death with the democracies of France and Italy, for the restoration of the conquered territory in all the allied nations, and also of the provinces Alsace and Lorraine torn from France in 1871. Mr. George disavowed any designs upon Turkey or any intention of seeking the destruction of her capital or seizure or retention of her home lands.

This does not refer to the possession of Jerusalem, over which Turkey is said to be greatly disturbed. Such a declaration will bring the contending powers nearer to a basis of agreement and will at least leave no misunderstanding as to the terms on which England and her allies would gladly make peace.

COALITION CABINET PLOT

There is no doubt now that the republicans are coming forward strongly with the demand for a coalition cabinet. They are showing their chagrin in the war investigations by congress which are but great political fishing feasts, yet, neither Lodge nor any of the other insidious have been able to bring out any evidence of grave mismanagement.

They have been unable to discredit

such, Gompers, Rosenwald, Lovitt, Edison, Ford, Vall, Bedford, Martin, Crile, Mayo, and hundreds of others in various lines of endeavor. President Wilson had no thought of politics in conducting the war. Wilson's coalition is non-partisan, the would-be republicans, bi-partisan.

It appears that there are a good many politicians in congress including members from both parties who would like to cast overboard the country of national defense and inaugurate a government of politicians in which Col. Roosevelt would be a prominent figure.

Col. Roosevelt has gone to Washington to lead some kind of a fight, but what it may be is not yet known. The republican press is raising the howl for the elimination of politics as a means of winning the war, by which they mean that President Wilson should enlarge his cabinet, taking on such men as Roosevelt, Perkins and other discredited political figures so that the democratic party shall not have the sole credit of conducting the war to a successful finish. Imagine what a tangle President Wilson would be in with such a bunch of misfits as advisors and bulldozers.

The commander-in-chief of our army and navy must be given a free hand if his work is to be effective. The republican scheme to embarrass him with a committee to control expenditures was frowned down and now there is another—the coalition cabinet, if, as is to be expected, the American forces after getting squarely into the fight should meet a serious reverse, oh! what a howl these republicans would raise because they were not allowed to have a hand in the management.

President Wilson is not seeking personal honors in running the war. Indeed we believe he would welcome the co-operation of a larger cabinet if that did not serve to destroy rather than promote his freedom of action in directing the war and therefore tend towards national disaster.

SEEN AND HEARD

There is nothing more convincing than eloquent silence.

You can get a lot of things for nothing that nobody wants.

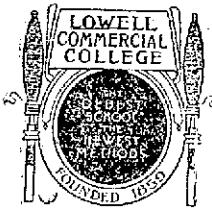
We haven't much use for men who try to impress us that they don't have to work.

It was Franklin who said a good conscience is a continual Christmas. How's your health?

Limiting Liability
A daily paper in one of our large

Falls & Burchshaw, 418 Middlesex st. Moody's Drug Store, 301 Central st.

59th-60th School Year

Begin This Week
SESSIONS
DAY AND EVENING

Courses:

STENOGRAPHY

SECRETARIAL

BUSINESS

ADVANCED ACCOUNTING

CIVIL SERVICE

TEACHERS

The present and future offers an unequalled opportunity for women—Prepare!

Lowell Commercial College

cities contained the following unique cities.

After this date I will not be responsible for any bills except those contracted by any other than myself.

John P. M. Case and Company

Then She Went Better

A Lowell woman in a street car that was colder than a politician's greeting the morning after his defeat asked the conductor for a transfer and unfortunately the conductor didn't have any.

"A fine road!" she snapped. "They're all out of heat, they're all out of transfers and it's too bad they're all out of jail."

Telltale Eyes and Toes

The eyes tell the story of guilt when all the other muscles are controlled, when you will earn the eleventh chapter of Dantes' book. Sometimes, when the face is controlled, as in the case of natives of India, other muscles are uncontrollable. Sir Henry Maine declares that in India the judge can tell when a native is lying by watching his toes. He keeps his face perfectly straight, and his eyes expressionless, but his toes begin to wiggle as soon as he begins to lie.

Lantern on Broadway

The dawning of the white lights in New York has brought the jokers to the city. Not long after the sun had been turned off a man walked up the big street with a lighted lantern. He wended his way across Broadway and after swinging the lantern about his head much after the fashion of a trumpet signal he continued his walk. He had some seeds that began to sprout in many directions. A few minutes later, ruined, electric flash appeared, and one optimist tried to keep a candle going as he walked down toward Times Square.

Who Wouldn't Look

Knitting socks for soldiers is a popular pursuit with the ladies in all parts of the country nowadays, but it isn't often that a soldier's neck is confronted with the writer and some of the girls in a recent cold day is to be noted.

Waiting on the curbing for a Taunton Short Line car which was without interior heat, by the way, was a pre-

cision of the young woman who knitted socks for others and wore none herself, despite the zero weather, made passersby shudder, and took twice—Draction Enterprise.

The Flag Speaks

Ribbons of white in the flag of our land, Say, shall we live in fear?

Speak! For I wait for the word from your lips.

With the brine of the sea-going ships;

Speak! Shall we cringe 'neath an Attila's whips?

Speak! For I wait to hear!

"This is our word," said the ribbons of white.

"This is the course to steer—Peace is our haven for foul or for fair."

Won as a maiden and kept as an heir, Peace with the sunlight of God on her hair.

Peace, with an honor clear!

Ribbons of red in the flag of our land, Bought for a price full dear.

Speak! For 'tis Man that is asking man.

Churl in the centuries' caravan,

Speak! For he waits for your bold "I can!"

Speak! For he waits to hear!

"This is our word," said the ribbons of red.

Slowly, with gaze auster.

"War if we must in humanity's name, Shielding 'sister from sorrow and shame."

War upon beasts with the sword and with flame!

War—till the Judge appear!"

Stars in a field of the sky's own blue, Light of a midnight year.

Speak! For the spirit of Man awakes, Shoulders the cross, and his couch forsakes,

Whispers a prayer, and the long way taken.

Speak! For he waits to hear!

"This is our word," said a star of white.

Set in the silken mere.

Flight against Night on the land, on the sea!

Little and Great are the same to me! Only for Truth and for Liberty.

Strike! For the hour is here!"

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to pack up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothng, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists carry young woman. As she waited she diligently knitted a gray woolen sock, evidently intended for some soldier.

That was a laudable utility day pursuit, bringing to mind the discomforts the boys in the trenches were suffering, but the gaze of the folks who passed was attracted, not by the sight of the gray sock that was rapidly assuming form, but by the extremely attractive figure of the young lady. A rather stout, short, stout, exposed her limbs to breezes that were not very comfortable-like, and though the ground was covered with a light mantle of snow, the foot covering was of the type generally assumed by coolies. Only a thin sole separated the heel from the earth. There was not even a feather upper, covering the sandal in place. Furthermore, the knitter wore no stockings at all.

The incongruity of the young woman who knitted socks for others and wore none herself, despite the zero weather, made passersby shudder, and took twice—Draction Enterprise.

The necessary for action was emphasized yesterday by a report from A. H. Smith, assistant director-general in charge of operations east of the Mississippi river, that "accumulation is increasing at points east of Pittsburgh and Buffalo."

Mr. Smith reported that the situation was due largely to cold weather, but that strikes among trainmen and engineers and scarcity of labor has necessitated extensive curtailment of train service.

The new demurrage rates, approved by the interstate commerce commission on request of the director-general, are \$1 per car for the first day after the two cars are held, \$4 for the second, and \$1 additional for each succeeding day until the charge per day reaches \$10. This maximum will be charged for every day or fraction thereof thereafter.

Existing demurrage rates in most sections of the country are \$1 for the first day after the two cars are held, \$3 for the third day, \$5 for the fourth day and \$7 for each day thereafter.

Even these rates are several times higher than those which prevailed a year ago and which were raised last spring when congestion on eastern railroads became acute. Much higher rates are charged on the Pacific coast and in several other districts.

No changes will be made for the present in demurrage rules or rates on export freight. The new regulations, said Mr. McAdoo's order, "specifically contemplate the cancellation of all average agreement provisions of existing contracts."

Railroads are instructed to file tariffs embodying the new rates with the interstate commerce commission and state commissions.

In making this order," said Mr. McAdoo, "I have fully considered the embarrassments of shippers and consequences on account of the scarcity of labor.

Let not the gentle-mannered think that we can have no proper concern about the thoughts and the internal organization of neighboring nations. Where these things are merely matters of taste we have, indeed, no right to interfere; but when any strong nation avows a policy that involves the destruction of our country we should be less than reasonable, if we permitted that nation to build up a monstrous machine for carrying out its purpose while we harbered and played. It does not promote the happiness of a kindly nation, and every dollar within the bounds of our country must help to win the fight. Whoever shirks or shrinks is constructively a traitor. This is a war against war, and pacifists themselves on a dark night. That was precisely the situation of our people before the war began.

We sympathized over the men of Washington's time and the stalwart Lincoln's day, but let us not forget to acclaim the heroes of our national hour. Of what avail was it that the revolutionary patriots created America, and the Civil war patriots saved the Union, if patriots of today do not concern America? This war is as sacred an affair of the other great American wars, and every man and every dollar within the bounds of our country must help to win the fight.

Whoever shirks or shrinks is constructively a traitor. This is a war

against war, and pacifists themselves

are the only ones who can win the triumph of their cause.

This war is in purchase permanent peace and it must end all the spirit of militaristic aggression from the earth. It will require the exertion of all our man's gigantic might to see this condition righted, and any American who for any reason whatever is cold or backward in this war is unworthy of his sacred inheritance.

THIS SEASON

The man who wishes for a dressy, conservative style overcoat, has a hard time finding it.

However, we have provided these "Always-in-style" garments as liberally as in former years.

Made from plain colored fabrics, in smooth coatings, meltons or fluffy faced materials—in rich dark oxfords, heather mixtures, black and blue.

Single breast, fly front or button through, with cloth or velvet collar.

Eminently the overcoat for the man who expects to get three or four years' wear from his garment.

Lined with serge, worsted or silk.

\$16.50 to \$35.00

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

labor, the inevitable weather, the irregularity of transportation and the consequent frequent bunching of cars, never tele

BOB HART, OLD LOWELL STAR, BACK IN GAME

Bob Hart, who was a member of the famous Lowell championship polo team in his day, will appear here tomorrow night as guest of the Worcester team. Hart, in his day, was considered one of the best in the business and his terrific and accurate drives, brought many a victory to the Lowell champs. At the opening of the new Promoter Moore of the Lowell team tried to get Bob, but the latter would not leave his position in Springfield. The call of the game, however, proved a little too much for him, when his old pal "Jigger" Higgins of Worcester appealed to him to come back and help him give Worcester a winning team. Since joining the "Jiggo" last week, Hart has been playing great games and his acquisition has already greatly helped the Worcester team. Hart and Higgins played together several years ago, out west, and are said to be a great combination pair. Lowell fans will have an opportunity to compare the combination playing of the Worcester stars, with Lowell's Higgins, Hart, Harkins and Griffith. Many of Hart's old friends plan to turn out to give him an enthusiastic welcome. The game will start at 8.30.

Custer "Iron Man" of Polo

Bill Custer, who played halfback for Lowell in one game this season, is called an amateur game and then went in and out of his work at Providence the other day. He first played three periods in an amateur game, and then went in and participated in the three periods breaking overtime Lawrence-Provident game. Read what the Providence Bulletin has to say about it:

"There have been 'iron men' in baseball and a few other sports, but roller polo, a game nearly as old as professional baseball, has been a little buckwhip in the past, although it takes considerable metal to play a regulation game of 45 minutes. Bill Custer, who lay claim to an 'iron man' last Wednesday night at Infantry hall, Bill Custer played nearly three full games and left the floor after more than two hours of strenuous work covering upwards of three full games, apparently the freshman man of the bunch. When complimented on his work of the evening, Bill simply said, 'I'm only a little warm up. I am going to take a short walk to Woonsocket now for exercise.' The next stunt for Custer to try out is to play halfback for both teams in some game."

Polo Record That Should Stand

Wednesday night's polo game at Infantry hall was a record breaker from the point of time taken, 80 seconds, only goal of the contest, surpassing upwards of 45 minutes any goal ever before scored in league polo. When two goal tends held at bay for more than an hour and a quarter teams of skilled polo players, practiced at shooting at the cage and sending shots in open field, in all directions, the dynamite powder, how it was done. Wednesday night's record was done. The game, however, was the longest ever made in polo it was not the longest game ever played, the one played at Pawtucket, Feb. 5, 1910, being nearly two minutes longer. But the score of that battle was 3 to 3, Pawtucket beating Fall River in the final period, making the winning goal. It is doubtful whether any game like Wednesday night's is ever played, as the odds against two teams playing at top form being held to one goal in one hour, 45 minutes and 33 seconds are about a million to one. The one who saw the contest are congratulating themselves and those who lost the game, lost the chance of their lives to sit in at the record game of nearly a half-century of polo.—Provident Bulletin.

BIGGERS PUT IT ON TO LOWELL AT WORCESTER

WORCESTER, Jan. 7.—Worcester, from behind and won a great game of polo from Lowell, 8 to 5, Saturday night at Mechanics hall, with a really fully appreciative crowd looking on. The leaders made a brave start, thanks to the superb team work of Higgins and Griffith, but failed to maintain the pace. Mulligan and Higgins registered one goal each before the game ended.

The second period brought the flash of Higgins' goal. He was at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort. As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The third period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The fourth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The fifth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The sixth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The eighth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The ninth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The tenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The eleventh period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The twelfth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The thirteenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The fourteenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The fifteenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The sixteenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The seventeenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The eighteenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The nineteenth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The twentieth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The twenty-first period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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The twenty-second period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The twenty-third period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The twenty-fourth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The twenty-fifth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The twenty-sixth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The twenty-seventh period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The twenty-eighth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The twenty-ninth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

As the round waned, Higgins poked one through, and the score stood 5 to 4 in Worcester's favor.

The thirtieth period found Higgins still at his best and true as that was done, 4 players were unable to hold him, and his goal came as the result of his brilliant effort.

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Rain or snow tonight and probably Tuesday; colder Tuesday afternoon and night.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. MONDAY JANUARY 7 1918

PRICE ONE CENT

DRAFT LAW UPHELD

U. S. SHIP TORPEDOED AND SUNK; LIVES LOST

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The American steamship Harry Luckenbach has been torpedoed and sunk with loss of life, according to word received by the owners of the vessel today.

GERMANY BREAKS OFF PEACE NEGOTIATIONS

Russian efforts to have Germany acquiesce in the transference of the peace negotiations from Brest-Litovsk in German control to the neutral city of Stockholm, apparently have failed. An official statement issued at Berlin says the German crown council meeting discussed the Russian demand, after which it was announced the sittings had been "temporarily suspended."

The report from German sources that fear of intrigue in Stockholm on the part of the entente interests would endanger the work of the plenipotentiaries is not confirmed from Petrograd. Foreign Minister Trotzky went to Brest-Litovsk in a vain attempt to persuade the Germans to go to Stockholm.

In Germany the political situation is much disturbed over the attitude of the liberal parties concerning the government's stand on the proposed transference. The socialists appear to be the stumbling block and there is danger that they may desert the reichstag majority, making it necessary for the government to reform the party alignments.

Berlin has issued an official denial that Gen. Von Ludendorff, first quartermaster general, has resigned.

The ministry in Berlin denies the statement by the negotiations is to be suspended by a wireless message sent to the chairman of the Russian delegation by the representatives of the central powers. This recalls that the central powers bound themselves to abide by their announced policy only in so far as all the delegations bound themselves to observe such terms and that the ten-day period fixed for the other belligerents to respond had expired without their being heard.

It is not made clear in this message what further steps, if any, are contemplated by the central powers. The Russians, however, are said to be strengthening their front, and one of the spokesmen for the Bolsheviks is quoted as virtually defying the Germans to attack.

There have been more lively infantry activities on the western front, but no operations in strength. In France and on the Italian north front the artillery firing has been almost normal at several points.

"Momentous" Meeting in Germany

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 7.—There was a more calm feeling in German parliamentary circles Sunday afternoon according to the Tageblatt, and the reichstag majority parties firmly intend to support the government. On the other hand the socialists held meetings on Sunday which Vorwärts calls "perhaps the most momentous" since August, 1914. The socialist organ says that the socialist party will make its attitude dependent on whether the government

returns to the declarations made on Dec. 25.

The Tageblatt says the annexationists are making every effort to overthrow Foreign Secretary von Knecht.

Dr. Welsker, the Hungarian premier, and Dr. von Wimmer, the Austrian minister of finance, have arrived in Berlin.

Artillery Activity

LONDON, Jan. 7.—"There was occasional hostile artillery activity south east of Messines (Flanders)," says today's official report.

TO FINANCE THE RAILROADS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—As the first step in government assistance of railroad financing, presidents of railroads were requested by Interstate Commerce Commissioner Daniels today to telegraph him immediately the amount of capital required for this year, and also for the first six months of the year.

This action was taken at the direction of Director-General McAdoo. Railroad presidents were asked to detail the precise purposes for which funds will be needed to meet maturing securities not already provided for to pay for improvements, betterments and construction work already contracted for and partially finished. Roads were requested also to show what portion of improvements already started could be stopped now without detriment.

Another item sought by Commissioner Daniels is an approximate estimate of capital necessary to provide for new construction work, improvements and betterments, including additional terminals and new equipment. Presidents were asked to specify what part of their financial requirements during this year were not absolutely necessary for protection of property or maintenance of earnings.

A definite statement also is sought as to the character of securities which each company had planned to issue.

Railroad legislation asked by President Wilson was under consideration today by the Interstate commerce committee of each branch of congress.

The house committee arranged to begin hearings tomorrow morning. Director-General McAdoo or someone selected by him will make the initial explanation of the measure to the committee.

A. P. Thom, general counsel of the Southern railway, will handle the case for the railroad executives. It is stated on the railroads, that they do not want to argue in the committee of being antagonistic to the principles of the measure, but want to furnish statistical and other information for the use of congress.

The Interstate commerce commission also ordered railroads to report the next 10 days for year ending June 30, 1918, to show the necessary figures for establishing the "standard return" provided in the pending railroad bill. Without this order, railroads would report for the calendar year of 1917. The commission today started a new survey of rolling stock by ordering railroads to report to owners to report the number and kind of rolling stock owned and leased and their condition.

The committee intends to consider the bill to the exclusion of other business. Opposition among senators and representatives began to assume definite form in demand for specific limitations of government operation to a definite term after the war. Unless such an amendment is adopted many influential republicans are prepared to oppose the legislation.

Amendments to that effect were introduced today by Senators Watson of Indiana and Gallinger of New Hampshire. The former proposed that government operation should continue only for six months after the proclamation of peace.

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ENLISTMENTS SHOW U. S. ALIVE TO WAR MENACE

Special to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Are the rank and file of America's fighters in this war because they want to be or because they have to be?

Has the response of the nation to the president's call to arms been spontaneous, or has it been forced only by the enactment of a draft law?

The best answer to these queries are the figures for enlistment to the army and navy since war was declared.

Although congress decided almost immediately following the declaration of war that our fighting forces should be raised by draft, nearly twice as many men have joined the colors by voluntary enlistment as have been brought in by the draft.

Volunteer forces on Dec. 28, in army and navy totaled more than 1,135,000.

This in spite of the fact that no special volunteer recruiting campaigns have been conducted and in the face of repeated announcements by the war department that it preferred the bulk of the army to be recruited under the provisions of the draft!

These volunteer forces are divided as follows:

Regular army, 458,301.

National guard, 378,000.

Navy, including marines, 299,813.

Volunteers enlisting in the regular army between April 1, and Dec. 26, 1917, were 643,193, or 161,301 more than needed to bring our old army organization up to authorized "war strength."

Navy enlistments have been so heavy that the number of men in this service exceeds the number authorized by congress. And enlistments still continue at from 200 to 300 per day. These men are being enrolled and congress will be asked to raise the authorized strength in order to legalize their enlistment.

Against a total authorized strength of 175,000, the regular army on Dec. 26 contained 175,117 men. In addition there were 48,000 naval reserves; 16,500 Naval national volunteers, formerly known as the naval militia; 38,539 marines; 5000 coast guardmen; 6128 in the marine corps and 16,000 others.

Of the total, 100,000, or 477,000 men and officers in the National Guard, 378,000 were volunteers, 99,000 being supplied from the draft to fill units not completed when the guard regiments were ordered to camp.

In addition to these volunteer units, a new Home Guard organization is being formed, which is expected to be completely filled with volunteers who have had previous service in the army. National guard, who are not qualified for service overseas.

This Home Guard is to number approximately 25,000 men, and will be organized in 42 battalions. Its work will be the guarding of all water fronts, bridges, arsenals, munitions plants, and other places where army guards are concentrated.

The guards will be armed with our old Krag and Springfield, and will be equipped with our old blue uniforms.

Any man who has seen service is eligible for enlistment in this guard.

CAN'T FIND DANDRUFF

FROZEN WATER PIPES CAUSE OF FIRES

Every bit of dandruff disappears after one or two applications of Dandrine rubbed well into the scalp with the finger tips. Get a small bottle of Dandrine at any drug store for a few cents and save your hair. After several applications you can't find a particle of dandruff or any falling hair, and the scalp will never itch.

IN FIVE MINUTES NO SICK STOMACH, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapessin" is the quickest and surest Stomach Relief.

You don't know what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if sick, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented and turned sour; head dizzy and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Diapessin to neutralize acidity and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have dyspepsia. A little Diapessin occasionally keeps the stomach sweetened, and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless antidote is Pape's Diapessin which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it stops food souring and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing. Your stomach will digest your meals if you keep acids neutralized.

WHEW! COLD!

Did you know how cold it was? You could have known if you had one of our reliable

Thermometers
20c to \$1.50
INSIDE, OUTSIDE, CANDY,
DAIRY

Authorized Agents for the Sale
of War Savings Stamps

Adams Hardware
AND PAINT CO.,
Middlesex St. Near Depot

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

"There is too little recognition of the competent, and too great protection of the incompetent. In many instances practically no premium is placed

THE OLD RELIABLE

BLOOD BUILDER

Still retains its supremacy. People still take Hood's Sarsaparilla because it is an old friend, has proved its merit to three generations—in purified blood, expels humors, restored appetite, relieved rheumatism, banished tired feelings.

It long ago became recognized as the standard blood purifier and general tonic. It originated in a Boston physician's successful prescription, and comprises medicinal roots, herbs, barks and berries such as are often prescribed for ailments of the blood, stomach, liver and kidneys. Buy it in the same style package your mother bought it in—same fine appearance, same pleasant taste, same certainty of good results.

Upon demonstrated merit, efficiency or long of service.

Again, after pointing out that state employees are required to work only thirty-eight hours per week, the report says: "Such a condition of low working time efficiency is a reflection on the commonwealth and an unwarranted burden on the taxpayers of the state. Motleying of employees to such an extent can only tend to lower the business morale of these same employees, even though it raises the popularity of department heads at the expense of the commonwealth."

On the subject of vacation, the council says: "The total vacation expense for 1916 was approximately \$346,436, representing forty departments and not including the institutional service. Of these departments thirty have a four week period, so that the cost to these thirty departments would be \$163,537 for the four weeks; and the sum of \$82,413 would be saved in these departments by halving the vacation period. The total saving would undoubtedly be approximately \$100,000 yearly in the departmental service."

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CALL FOR CONDITION OF WITH THE ARMY AND NAVY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for the condition of all national banks of the United States at the close of business Monday, Dec. 31.

NEW PUMPING ENGINE GIVEN TRYOUT TODAY

The White triple combination hose, chemical and pump for the local fire department which arrived in this city last Thursday afternoon was given a tryout of its pumping qualities today at Aiken and Cheever streets along the bank of the Northern canal.

The test began shortly after 11 o'clock and it was well into the afternoon before it was completed. The weather was unusually disagreeable for the tryout but the authorities were determined to see it through. Among those present at the tryout were Chief Edward P. Saunders of the fire department; G. C. Ayer, representing the White company; Cleon Clegg, the driver of the truck; J. F. Driscoll of the board of Underwriters; and William Hinckley, assigned by the White company as temporary driver of the machine. The members of Engine Co., No. 6 of Fletcher street assisted in the tryout.

Although no official verdict as to the efficacy of the pump will be given for a few days, nevertheless, the tryout in its preliminary stages seemed to satisfy the officials present. The water was pumped from the canal through a long line of hose and then turned back into the canal again. It was a cold and disagreeable job for the men who handled the hose lines as they stuck to it until the test was over.

C. N. Sylvester of the White company in conversation with a representative of The Sun said this morning that the pump could deliver 500 gallons of water a minute and if it stretched to capacity would get out 700 gallons. It has a 20-horsepower motor. The motor is 6 cylinder and is of 68 horsepower. The new truck is to be stationed at the Fletcher street engine house.

The local army recruiting station accepted two men for the regular service this morning. Thomas B. Donnelly of 4 Read street was accepted for the cavalry and will leave on Thursday for Fort Bliss, Texas. Archie H. Lloyd of Bath, Me., has enlisted in the United States Guards through the local station and will leave for Boston tomorrow.

John A. Melson of Reading was accepted as an apprentice seaman at the local navy station this morning and sent to Boston for formal enrollment.

Dentists and veterinarians who are graduates of duly recognized institutions are wanted for the medical reserve corps of the regular army. Men for this service enlist as privates but they have an excellent opportunity of advancing in a short time. Sergt. Cox of the local regular army station in Central street will be glad to talk over the advantages of this branch with anyone interested.

Next Sunday afternoon there will be a meeting of the members of the British recruit canvassers of this city at the war work headquarters in Merrimack street. Following is the committee of workers who have volunteered their services in aiding the British recruiting mission in its work in this city: Chairman, Peter N. Coddell; secretary, N. McWatters, Henry A. Wisby, Joseph Pearson, Thomas McNamara, Joseph Green, William Barber, Norval Robertson, Sydney L. Garnett, J. L. Boughton, W. H. Shaw, William Axon, L. E. Field, James Allison, J. N. Miller, C. H. Eckert, A. G. Estes, J. A. Gallagher, Samuel J. Nichols, Richard Sykes.

ANNUAL LINEN SHOWER AT ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL NEAT SATURDAY

The ladies of charity of St. John's hospital will hold their annual linen shower at the institution on Saturday afternoon next between the hours of 6 and 6 in the afternoon. The public is cordially invited and a large attendance is expected. No formal invitations have been sent out and all are equally welcome. Through the medium

of the shower the ladies of charity hope to replenish the supply of linen at the hospital, and unless one has had actual experience in a hospital he or she cannot appreciate the great amount of linen required by such institutions.

After the course of a year, therefore the society hopes that the public will be generous in their donations to the institution. The regulation hospital sheets are \$2 by \$0 and those who intend to contribute sheets are respectfully requested to conform to this size sheet if possible. Other articles of linen also badly needed will be very acceptable.

The shower will take the form of a reception in charge of Mrs. John H. Murphy, and leading local talent will give a musical program.

LIQUOR SQUAD'S ACTIVITIES

The activities of the liquor squad continue and complaints have been issued from the office of the license commission against Mercier & Co., holders of a liquor license of the first class in Moody street, charged with selling to a minor and also against the Cecil hotel in Middlesex street, with selling liquor to an intoxicated person. The respondents will appear before the license commission at the regular meeting to be held tomorrow night.

A hearing on the complaint against J. F. Roach & Co., charged with selling liquor to an intoxicated person, will be held January 22.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Edg.

A bonus consisting of an extra week's pay was given the employees of the Taibol mills in North Billerica last Saturday, this being in accordance with plans formulated by the officials of the company several months ago.

There was well attended meeting of the fixers of the United States Cartridge Co. at Odd Fellows hall in Lowell on Saturday afternoon. The recently elected officers were installed after which a banquet was served.

Patrick Martin, residing at 1173 Lawrence street, was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital shortly before seven o'clock last night, suffering from a fracture of the right leg as a result of falling down a flight of stairs at his home.

There was something doing at Towne's corner Saturday afternoon when Fred H. Rourke disposed of 5000 pounds of coal in 100-pound lots. Men, women and children were present and when the checks were passed out the "black diamonds" were carted away on sleds, wagons, baby carriages and sleighs.

The board of investment of the City

of Boston took place this morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 55 Franklin street. A mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Rev. James J. Kerrigan, the former professor of Moral Sciences. The deceased was John J. Shear, Joseph Lynch, William Condon, John Moore, Michael McCabe and Frank McCormick. Burial was in the family plot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Charles H. Molloy's sons were in charge.

WAGH—The funeral of Mr. Simon J. Roach took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from his home, 64 Fulton street, and was largely attended. The cortège proceeded to St. Michael's church where, at 9 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. James J. Mullin. There were many beautiful floral offerings. The bearers were Messrs. John J. Donnelly, T. Bernard, James and Frank Roach, and John Emmett. Interment was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committed pray. The road to the grave by Rev. Mr. Mullin, Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

OLSON—The funeral services of Otto Olson were held yesterday afternoon at the funeral parlors of Undertaker William H. Saunders, 217 Appleton street, at 2:30 o'clock, and were largely attended. The Swedish Mutual Aid society attended in a body. Rev. Algoth Ohlson, pastor of the Swedish Congregational church officiated. There was singing and a fixed quartet composed of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Olson, Charlotta Stromquist and Mr. Olaf Bernstrom, who sang "I Am a Pilgrim" and "Gates Ajar." The bearers were Messrs. Charles Abrahamson, Olaf Olson, John F. Schomburg and Herbert E. Stromquist. Burial took place in the family lot in the Edison cemetery, where the committed service was read by the Rev. Mr. Olson. Mr. Olson, Wickstrom read the burial service of the Swedish Mutual society. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Mr. Olaf A. Bernstrom under the direction of Undertaker Saunders.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, desire to thank our friends of Gorham street, the Elks club, the K. of P. and the many others who by their sympathy and kindness helped us in the loss of our dear son and brother, R. Donald Harvey.

Signed,

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph J. Harvey and family.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, wish to express our sincere thanks to the kind friends and neighbors who helped lighten the burden of sorrow in the loss of our dear son and brother, Joseph E. Duggan, age 21, on January 1, 1918.

The services were conducted by Rev. E. A. Jenkins, pastor of the North Chelmsford Congregational church. The body was placed in the receiving tomb in the Riverside cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

Signed,

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Duggan, Miss Katheryn A. Duggan.

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Mr. and Mrs. Ralph J. Harvey and family.

CARD OF THANKS

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SOLDIERS CHEER CONG. ROGERS

Congressman John Jacob Rogers spoke before an audience of 3000 soldiers in the Y.M.C.A. auditorium at Camp Devens, yesterday afternoon, and his remarks aroused the enthusiasm of the soldiers to the highest pitch. The boys cheered for several minutes after Congressman Rogers had concluded his remarks.

After describing his meeting with the American troops "over there" and the conditions that exist among the American army, Congressman Rogers said:

"But we've got to fight this out so that we know Germany is going to be a decent neighbor in the civilized world," he said. "We can't do that while we know which Germans will remain in their hearts as a peace with victory for them."

"We must have the German emperor so that every German will know that it is beaten. We must have this not for indemnities or for selfish reasons, but so that when this job is done well know that it's done for good."

It was then that his audience, which is going to help do that job, let itself loose.

Congressman Rogers contrasted this camp and Camp Devens, Md., with training quarters of European armies, with everything in favor of conditions here.

Aldershot, the most widely known British camp, he said, "no more compares with the comforts which you have here than a restaurant in the case of a Boston compares with a Back Bay hotel."

Congressman Rogers told of the billets for the armies in France, saying that they, too, contrast unfavorably with the cantonments of this country.

"Pershing is particularly proud of the health of his men," said Congressman Rogers. "The sick rate is a trifle under 2 per cent., despite the necessity of getting acclimated."

"You're going to like General

Pershing. He is every inch the soldier, one of the strongest men I have ever met and an absolute disciplinarian. Every man under him is confident and ready to go the limit for him."

The nearest thing to a complaint he heard from the men was because mail was slow in arriving, he said.

"The men are in fine fettle. They don't enjoy it, of course. They would rather be in America. But there isn't a flicker in their loyal devotion to the cause of the United States. There isn't a man who is not determined to put the thing through," continued the speaker.

The rest of the Sunday afternoon's program for this audience was a rare violin treat, when numbers played by Irma Seydel. The program included compositions mostly, but it made no difference to that audience—the American soldiers liked her music.

They applauded over and over again for encores and they stood for the opening number, by Miss Wilhelmina Wagner. The Star Spangled Banner was followed. Women and young girls, soldiers and the soldiers who brought their wives and families gave them an afternoon such as they could have had in few places outside this camp today.

The visiting crowd was larger than for weeks. Camp Devens had thawed out. Windows in houses round the town were thrown open. Soldiers walked with overcoats slung across their arms. Hundreds who expected to go to Boston on the 11:35 a.m. train discovered that it was not running and crowded aboard the 1 o'clock.

Anton had been horribly wounded.

"I never believed in God before the war," he told me. "When they took me to a hospital and told me I was going to die, I accepted their verdict.

"But a good priest came to my bedside. When I awoke, I said to him, 'Please, Father, tell me what you have done for me.' There in the hospital he taught me to pray."

A new light came into my life and I began to feel that maybe, after all, I wasn't going to die.

"After 12 months I left the hospital as good as new, physically, and an entirely new man spiritually. I now believe in God with all my heart. Certainly God is behind the surgical wonders that our doctors are daily performing in our hospitals."

Anton's experience in the realms of religion have been duplicated by millions of French soldiers.

But a regiment of soldiers in a front line trench, a few hundred yards from the enemy and let the shells burst about them day and night, and their thoughts will invariably turn to God and religion.

Why is it that one man will be spared while the comrades on either side are pierced through?

It's always unanswerable.

And that's why an overwhelming majority of French soldiers have turned to religion for comfort and courage in the hours of their greatest perils. One old priest said to me, "The passion for religion cannot fail to continue after the war. It means much for the future of France."

C. G. Lyon.

WITH THE PERSHING ARMY IN FRANCE, Jan. 7—Controls American.

There is more genuine religion in France today, after three years of carnage, than at any time in the last century.

Throughout France—in big cities and tiny villages—the churches are crowded and it is easy to tell from the look in the faces that the average Frenchman has come to find a new comfort and solace in his religion.

Pershing is particularly proud of the health of his men," said Congressman Rogers. "The sick rate is a trifle under 2 per cent., despite the necessity of getting acclimated."

The story of one French soldier is

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 7.—One more semi-holiday for the state, October 1st as Massachusetts day, the designation of the mayflower as the floral emblem of the commonwealth and the awarding of a "Mexican Service" medal to all who took part in border service, is asked for in bills which have been filed with the legislature.

This state is one of the few in the Union which has not officially adopted an emblem from nature, the petitioners say, which is representative either of the history or the character of the state. The mayflower which is now suggested as the Bay State emblem, is thought to be an especially appropriate one.

Regarding the question of another holiday, the advocates say that some day should be set apart for observance of the services which illustrious sons and daughters of Massachusetts have rendered to the nation and to mankind. No other state in the Union, they say, has written its name so clearly and largely as Massachusetts, and it is the plan to keep the deeds of the state's people fresh in the minds of all adults and in the hearts of children as a means of influencing the future by the history of the past.

The record made by the National Guardsmen of this state in the troublesome times on the Mexican border during the summer of 1916 should be officially recognized also and the best means would be by the awarding to all officers and men of appropriate medals, according to Rep. Patrick M. Costello of Boston, who filed that bill.

HOYT.

The old iron loop, used for many years as a fire alarm near the South Westville, N. J., station, has been removed, as the local fire company now has a regular bell.

ADDED FEATURE—DIRECT FROM B. F. KEITH'S, BOSTON

GEORGE AL

Rockwell & Wood

Two Noble Nuts Navigating the Ocean of Nonsense

SPECIAL FEATURE—THE TWO POPULAR LOWELL GIRLS

DESSIE ZENA

MORIN SISTERS

In a Variety of Dances

EXTRA BIG FEATURE—FIRST TIME IN LOWELL

Three Rosellas

Some Music—Some Laughs

Abbott & White

ALANSON

The Boys from Songland

And His Novelty Surprise

THE FAMOUS BEAUTY AND INTERNATIONAL STAGE STAR

ELSIE FERGUSON

In Her Latest Artcraft Screen Production

"The Rise of Jennie Cushing"

From the famous novel by Mary S. Walts

USUAL KEITH PICTORIAL WEEKLY—CONCERT ORCHESTRA

THE BIGGEST SHOW IN TOWN AT THE LOWEST PRICES

THE BIGGEST EVENT IN SEASONS
LOWELL'S OWN BIG FAVORITE IN ONE OF AMERICA'S
GREATEST COMEDIES

Special Engagement of the Popular

JOSEPH CREHAN

With All the Favorites of the Company in that Great Success

"Charley's Aunt"

One Long Riot of Laughter from Start to Finish—The Same Big Production as Given in New York and Boston

SECURE SEATS EARLY

Arrangements to See the Play as Early in the Week as Possible and Those Who Can Conveniently Do So, Are Advised to Attend the Matinee.

1000 Seats at 10 Cents

Ladies Occupying the Lucky Seats at Each Performance, Will Be Given Choice of Any \$25.00 Suit at the Yorkie Shop.

"CHARLEY'S AUNT" WITH JOE CREHAN AND THE EMERSON PLAYERS WILL PROVE THE BIGGEST HIT THIS CITY HAS EVER KNOWN

Interesting.

On two Sundays in succession I had met Anton and his wife at the little church in the village. They kept a fruit store and several times I had stopped and bought from them.

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SERBIANS LAY WREATH
AT MT. VERNON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—In the presence of a gathering of representatives of official Washington, Dr. Milenko Vesnitch, head of the Serbian mission to the United States, laid a wreath upon the tomb of Washington at Mt. Vernon yesterday, with a tribute to the patriarch of liberty from "a small and hardly known nation."

Secretary Lansing, who introduced Dr. Vesnitch, said the record of Serbia challenges the admiration of Christendom and that the cause of the present war is the cause for which Washington fought.

"With God's help we will triumph as we are triumphed," said the secretary.

Dr. Vesnitch spoke of his people's love of liberty.

"This, alas," he said, "has brought us misfortune. The autocrats and the despots surrounding us, the Teutons and the Turks, have rushed upon us and have crucified Serbia, my mother, once whole race, the Jugoslavs. We shall never again be free."

"The Argonauts whom Gen. Pershing commands in Europe will complete the work of our liberty."

"You beloved land stands at the zenith of its grandeur and through no fault of your own have you aroused the envy of selfish, ambitious, and Prussianized Germany. You are the standard to face the world, the model to us, as in this gigantic struggle you have with you the frank and the honest among the nations."

TEXTILE SCHOOL TRUSTEES
ASK FOR \$94,000

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 7.—Appropriations totalling \$94,000 are requested this year by the trustees of the Lowell Textile school in their annual petition to the legislature.

Of this sum, \$50,000 is the usual appropriation made in recent years for the maintenance of the school; \$60,000 is for the construction of an additional story on Kitson hall, and \$36,000 for a new union building; the remaining \$2000 is to be used in improving the grounds.

The adoption by the people of the so-called anti-air amendment of the constitution has apparently had no effect on the trustees, so far as their petition is concerned, although the trustees of the similar school, Fall River have realized that state appropriations are probably no longer possible for their school under its present system of management, and have prepared a bill providing that the school shall hereafter be managed by the state.

HOYT.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

For the week ending Jan. 5: Population, 107,978; total deaths, 44; deaths under five, 13; infectious diseases, 4; acute lung diseases, 9; tuberculosis, 4. Death rate: 21.19 against 17.33 and 16.37 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported: Smallpox, 1; typhoid fever, 1; miasis, 1; cerebro spinal meningitis, 1; tuberculosis, 1.

Board of Health.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Philip R. Dunbar of Brookline, son of the late Judge James R. Dunbar, was appointed assistant district attorney of Norfolk County by the continental District Attorney, F. G. Katzman. He succeeds George E. Adams who resigned after serving eight and one-half years to accept a commission in the aviation corps.

Mr. Dunbar recently married Miss Rooney Lally, daughter of Hon. Chas. S. Littley of this city.

ICEBOUND SAILORS ON
FOOD HIKE IN BAY

WOODS HOLE, Jan. 7.—After two of the crew of the *Mauna*, the three-masted lumber schooner held in the ice four miles off Pascagoula Island, had walked several miles over the ice fields in the bay to the mine sweeper from Newport to get provisions yesterday the two swimmers, it is said, had been up to four hours in a futile attempt to find a hole, managed to extricate herself and started back to Newport.

Samuel Gaskill, a sailor on the three-masted schooner *Warren E. Potter*, imbedded in the ice two miles off Cuttyhunk, quit the ship yesterday, being as he said, "sick and tired of life on the ship." He walked to Pascagoula Island, seven miles distant, got a bite to eat at the home of Capt. and Mrs. Wilcox and again set out in a feverish desire to get away from the icebound territory.

Last heard of him last night he was crossing Naushon island and heading this way for a train to take him "back to God's country" which is anywhere that affords warmth, a little food and an occasional change of scene.

Capt. W. E. Eaton of the lighthouse tender *Albatross* had come from New Bedford yesterday and arrived at noon at Nantucket and attempted to break the ice blockade there which imprisons the schooner *Sankaty*, helpless since Wednesday.

The maximum temperature yesterday at noon was 29 above.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Note.—Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come later.

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

Fred Ardath knows as much about rural characters as Dennis Thompson or Little Blair Parker ever did, and if you don't believe it, go to Keith's theatre this week, and see "The Corner Store," a comedy of ruralities which is about the funniest thing of the season ever shown. Ardath has furnished a cast of seven persons, and each one has been picked because he or she fitted into the kind of fun provided by the situations. This is the act that caused New York to laugh so heartily only a few weeks ago, and critical vandals seem pronounces it as good as any they had seen in a long time.

Rockwell and Wood, still on their nutty run, and audience will dispel the blues and the brand of fun offered by these two "noble nuts." They are not imitators of anybody; their work is original and clean, and it is spiced up mightily. And what do they use to cause this fun, other than their own heads? A tiny whistle, banjo and two good voices are the accessories of the act. That's all the two comedians need to spin their good strip over the ocean of nonsense.

The three Rosellas combine harmony

FATIMA
A Sensible Cigarette

Every time you see a man
smoking a Fatima, you know
he is getting all the comfort
that is possible in a cigarette.

—the price

15¢



the pastor, Rev. Leon Lamotte, in

At St. Marie's church yesterday morning the older members of the parish received their regular monthly communion. Rev. Julian Racette, O.M.I. officiated.

Rev. Eugene Vincent preached at all the masses at St. Louis church yesterday and his subject was the Feast of Epiphany. The regular meeting of the Children of Mary sodality was held at 1:30 yesterday afternoon with Rev. Laboissiere in charge.

With an estimated production of nearly 552,000,000,000 cubic feet of natural gas, the United States established a new high record last year.

Rev. J. S. Kennedy, the newly ap-

NEW PASTOR CONDUCTS
FIRST SERVICE

Rev. J. S. Kennedy, the newly appointed pastor of the First Presbyterian church, conducted his first service in the church yesterday morning and the congregation filled the church. The subject of his morning sermon was "Molochadech," while at the evening service Rev. Mr. Kennedy spoke on "Within the Law." The new pastor is 28 years of age and came to this city

from Lonsdale, R. I., where for a number of years he held a pastorate.

ASSISTANT SCOUT MASTER OF
DRACUT BOY SCOUTS ELECTED
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER

Raymond Stevens, assistant Scoutmaster of Troop 11, Dracut Boy Scouts, was elected deputy commissioner of District 3 of the Lowell council at a meeting of the scoutmasters and assistant scoutmasters held yesterday afternoon. District 2 comprises Troops 6, 8 and 11.

Deputy Commissioner Stevens is the eldest son of Scoutmaster George Stevens of Dracut. He is one of the oldest members of the Boy Scouts in Lowell and has won various honors in connection with his scouting work.

PASTOR ACCEPTS CALL
Rev. George Burton Marston, of the First Baptist church of Stonington, Conn., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Fifth Street Baptist church and will assume his duties the first Sunday in February.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Lowell, Monday, Jan. 7, 1918.

A. G. POLLARD CO.
THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Our January Department Clearances Now Going On

The most important Bargain Events of the year—more attractive as to selection and values than ever before. Every department has three days of special prices—some continue longer, but nearly every section has closed out the marked down goods before the allotted time. Owing to the cold weather of the past few days, there are some of the specials left for this week's sale in Muslin Underwear, Stationery, Dress Goods and Women's Wearables.

FOUR NEW DEPARTMENTS ARE READY FOR TODAY'S SELLING. THE ORANGE CARDS MARK THESE NEW SECTIONS—BOOKS, INFANTS' WEAR, RIBBONS AND FANCY WORK.

BOOKS

All of our 60¢ Fiction will be closed out at 45¢ Each or 3 for \$1.25. Below are listed a few of the good selling titles:

Anne of Avonlea	Mary Moreland
The Story of Julia Page	The Talker
Making Over Martha	Mr. Pratt
The Man From Glengary	The Postmaster
The Money Master	Dear Enemy
That Printer of Udel's	The Golden Slipper
Alec Lloyd, Copywriter	Steve Yeager
Georgina of the Rainbows	The Song of the Cardinal
The Real Adventure	From the House tops
The Crevice	Cape Cod Stories
Cappy Ricks	Quo Vardis
The Bachelors	The Way of These Women
Mavericks	The Eagle of the Empire
The Maclstrom	

CLEARANCE SALE PRICE

45¢ Each or 3 for \$1.25

Books for Boys

Mexican War Series, Dave Porter Series, Bar B Series—Were 60¢ each. Clearance sale price....45¢ Each, or 3 for \$1.25
Bert Wilson Series, The Submarine Boys, Boy Scout Series, The Bird Boys, Boys of Liberty Library—Were 35¢ each. Clearance sale price.....25¢ Each
Boy Scout Series, Famous Adventure Series, Harry Castleman Series—Were 25¢ each. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Each

Books for Girls

The Automobile Series, Ethel Morton Series, Bunny Brown Series—Were 35¢ each. Clearance sale price.....25¢ Each
Ruth Fielding Series, The Red Cross Girls—Were 25¢ each. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Each
The "Every Child Should Know" Series (all titles)—Were 60¢ each. Clearance sale price.....45¢ Each or 3 for \$1.25
Poems by James Whitcomb Riley—Riley Child-Rhymes, Riley Love-Lyrics, Riley Farm-Rhymes, Riley Songs O' Cheer, Riley Songs of Summer, Riley Songs of Home, Riley Songs of Friendship.

Playtime Paintings for Little Folks, with 8 color Paints and 16 Crayons; were 35¢ each. Clearance sale price.....25¢ Each

Painting Pastimes for the young artists, with instructions for mixing colors; were 50¢ each. Clearance sale price.....35¢ Each

Billy Whiskers (popular edition), a good book for the little folks; were 25¢ each. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Each

Marion Harland's Cook Book on tried and tested recipes; were 25¢ each. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Each

New Universal Self-Pronouncing Dictionary (handy edition), good cloth binding; were 25¢. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Each

Palmer Street

Centre Aisles

RIBBONS

Black Velvet Ribbon, 2 inches wide, second quality; regular 29¢ value. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Yard
Black Velvet Ribbon, 4 inches wide, second quality; regular 49¢ value. Clearance sale price.....39¢ Yard

Colored Velvet Ribbon, different widths; regular 29¢ and 39¢ values. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Yard

Light and Dark Dresden Ribbon, 7½ inches wide; regular 59¢ and 69¢ values. Clearance sale price.....49¢ Yard

Light and Dark Dresden Ribbon, 6 inches wide; regular 39¢ and 49¢ values. Clearance sale price.....35¢ Yard

Hairbow Ribbons, 5 inches wide, in all colors; regular 25¢ and 29¢ values. Clearance sale price.....19¢ Yard

Hairbow Ribbons, 5 inches wide, in plain, fancy and dresden patterns; regular 19¢ and 25¢ values. Clearance sale price.....15¢ Yard

Stamped Bed Spreads, regular price \$5.00 and \$7.00. Clearance sale price.....\$2.00

Black Taffeta Ribbon, 3 inches wide; regular 12¢ quality. Clearance sale price.....8¢ Yard

Novelty Neck Ribbons, 1 inch wide; regular 19¢ and 25¢ quality. Clearance sale price.....15¢ Yard

Moire Ribbons, in all colors, 5 inches wide; regular 29¢ value. Clearance sale price.....25¢ Yard

Satin, 1 inch wide, in all colors, also a few Dresdens; regular 8¢ quality. Clearance sale price.....5¢ Yard

Stamp Luncheon Sets, regular price 50¢, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.25. Clearance sale price.....\$1.00

Embroidery Silk, regular price 5¢. Clearance sale price 2¢

Embroidery Cotton, regular price 3¢. Clearance sale price.....1¢

Crochet Cotton, regular price 12½¢ and 15¢. Clearance sale price.....5¢

Package Goods, 1-3 off regular price.

Embroidery Silk, regular price 5¢. Clearance sale price 2¢

Embroidery Cotton, regular price 3¢. Clearance sale price.....1¢

Crochet Cotton, regular price 12½¢ and 15¢. Clearance sale price.....5¢

Centre Aisles

West Section

Infants' Department

Children's All Wool Sweaters, blue trimmed, with white buttons, high at neck, with pockets and belt; ages 2 and 3 years; regular \$1.69 value. Clearance sale price.....\$1.00

Children's Sweaters, in red, brown, gray and white; ages 1 and 2 years only; regular 59¢ value. Clearance sale price.....39¢

Children's Coats, in navy, brown and green corduroy; smart little styles, lined and interlined; ages 4 and 5 years; regular \$3.75 value. Clearance sale price.....\$2.49

Children's Caps, in red, brown, rose and open; ages 2 to 6 years; regular 50¢ value. Clearance sale price.....29¢

Infants' Bonnets, of white corduroy, trimmed with pink, also white trimmed with blue; ages 6 months to 2 years; regular 50¢ value. Clearance sale price.....29¢

Carriage Robes, white eiderdown carriage robes, trimmed with pink and blue; regular \$1.25 value. Clearance sale price.....98¢

Children's Colored Dresses, in blue and white check, and pink and white checks, made with white collars and cuffs; ages 2, 4, 6 years; regular \$1.50 value. Clearance sale price.....\$1.00

Third Floor

Take Elevator

ART GOODS

Mussed and Soiled Stamped Linen and Novelties

Stamped Pillow Covers, regular price 29¢, 50¢ and 75¢. Clearance sale price.....10¢ and 25¢

Stamped Scarf and Centers, regular price 35¢, 75¢ and \$1.00. Clearance sale price.....10¢ and 15¢

Stamped Linen Guest Towels, regular price 25¢, 35¢ and 39¢. Clearance sale price.....15¢

Stamped Hot Biscuit Covers, regular price 25¢. Clearance sale price.....15¢

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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

PLENTY OF WOOD

State Forester Rane says there is plenty of wood fuel which if properly handled would greatly assist in the saving of coal. If Mr. Rane would only point out some practical method of unloading it in our big cities without the employment of an army of men and a lot of railroad cars that cannot be found, he could render a great service to the public.

DAMAGE IN SCHOOL BUILDINGS

There seems to be no excuse for the bursting of water pipes and the cracking of bowls in the school buildings during the holidays. It is stated that the sum of \$4,000 was saved in the non-consumption of coal while the schools were closed, but when the plumbers' bills for repairing the breaks are paid, there will be a very large hole made in this \$4,000. The pipes should be protected by proper covering and like precautions would in most cases have saved the bowls from cracking.

AS TO BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

We hope that you read that fine article by George W. Perkins, one of the country's foremost business men and financial experts, in which he declared that our country is as unprepared for peace as it was for war and that co-operation, not competition, is to be our economic and industrial salvation. It is well to know just where gentlemen of Mr. Perkins' environment, association and development stand.

Mr. Perkins laid particular stress on our government's present supreme efforts to combine, consolidate and co-ordinate the railroads and other big industrial undertakings and added:

"The very things against which our government fought during very many years, using the Sherman law as its weapon, it is now trying to achieve, regardless of the Sherman law. And its course is the only possible one."

Naturally enough, Mr. Perkins largely overlooks the difference between combination and co-operation by the government in behalf of all the people, as in war times, and combination and co-operation by individuals or groups, in behalf of a few individuals or corporations.

Mr. Perkins appears to think that corporations should have the same right to combine and monopolize as has the government. His view might be favored if corporations would prove as unselfish as the government but unfortunately the universal experience is against him in any such assumption. The Sherman anti-trust law may have been too narrow in some of its phases. Combinations are necessary but they must be closely restricted to prevent imposition upon the public. Under the government all business concerns combine for the common good. Under private management, they combine for their own selfish ends and to fleece the public whenever they can.

LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH

The new statement of British war aims by Premier Lloyd George of England is the clearest and most comprehensive yet made. It is ingeniously devised to appeal to the Russians and even to the countries allied with Germany inasmuch as Britain for the first time has made an unequivocal declaration in favor of self-determination for the subject nationalities such as Poland and Lithuania, in addition to showing a willingness to part with the German colonies if the peace conference shall so decide. This matter of territorial readjustment by self-determination for the peoples involved, is the one on which Germany has broken with the Bolshevik peace delegates. She holds this plan of dealing with various peoples to be impracticable or impossible.

It is a great concession for England to make, as it implies legislative self-government for all her colonies and all the territory to which she may lay claim. In addition to these conditions, Premier George states that England will insist upon the re-establishment of the sanctity of treaties and upon the limitation of armaments after the war, the great aim being to secure a lasting peace, to be enforced by an international organization. Furthermore, the premier said, England will fight to the death with the democracies of France and Italy, for the restoration of the conquered territory in all the allied nations and also of the provinces Alsace and Lorraine torn from France in 1871. Mr. George disavowed any designs upon Turkey or any intention of seeking the destruction of her capital or seizure or retention of her home lands.

This does not refer to the possession of Jerusalem, over which Turkey is said to be greatly disturbed. Such a declaration will bring the contending powers nearer to a basis of agreement and will at least leave no misunderstanding as to the terms on which England and her allies would gladly make peace.

COALITION CABINET PLOT

There is no doubt now that the republicans are coming forward strongly with the demand for a coalition cabinet. They are showing their chagrin in the war investigations by congress which are but great political fishing fests, yet, neither Lodge nor any of the other inquisitors have been able to bring out any evidence of grave mismanagement.

They have been unable to discredit

rich, Gompers, Rosenwald, Lovitt, Edison, Ford, Vail, Bedford, Martin, Crile, Mayo, and hundreds of others in various lines of endeavor. President Wilson had no thought of politics in conducting the war. Wilson's coalition is non-partisan, the would-be republican, bi-partisan.

It appears that there are a good many politicians in congress including members from both parties who would like to cast overboard the country of national defense and inaugurate government of politicians in which Col. Roosevelt would be a prominent figure.

Col. Roosevelt has gone to Washington to lead some kind of a fight, but what it may be is not yet known. The republican press is raising the howl for the elimination of politicians as a means of winning the war, by which they mean that President Wilson should enlarge his cabinet, taking on such men as Roosevelt, Perkins and other discredited political figures so that the democratic party shall not have the sole credit of conducting the war to a successful finish. Imagine what a tangle President Wilson would be in with such a bunch of misfits as advisors and bulldozers.

The commandant in-chief of our army and navy must be given a free hand if his work is to be effective. The republican scheme to embarrass him with a committee to control expenditures was frowned down and now there is another—the coalition cabinet. If, as is to be expected, the American forces after getting squarely into the fight should meet a serious reverse, oh! what a howl these republicans would raise because they were not allowed to have a hand in the management.

President Wilson is not seeking personal honors in running the war. Indeed we believe he would welcome the co-operation of a larger cabinet if that did not serve to destroy rather than promote his freedom of action in directing the war and therefore tend towards national disaster.

SEEN AND HEARD

There is nothing more convincing than eloquent silence.

You can get a lot of things for nothing that nobody wants.

We haven't much use for men who to impress us that they don't have to work.

It was Franklin who said a good conscience is a continual Christmas. How's your health?

Limiting Liability

A daily paper in one of our large

cities contained the following unique notice:

After this date I will not be responsible for any bills except those constructed by any other than myself. John F. M.—Case and Comment

Then She Felt Better

A Lowell woman in a street car that was colder than a politician's greeting the morning after his defeat asked the conductor for a transfer and unfortunately the conductor didn't have any.

"A fine road!" she snapped. "They're all out of heat, they're all out of transfers and it's too bad they're all out of jail."

Tell Tale Eyes and Toes

The eyes tell the story of guilt when all the other muscles are controlled. This you will earn in the eleventh chapter of Darwin's book. Sometimes, when the face is controlled, sometimes, when the eyes are uncontrolled. Sir Henry Maine declares that in India the judge can tell when a native is lying by watching his toes. He keeps his face perfectly straight and his eyes expressionless, but his toes begin to wiggle as soon as he begins to lie.

Lanterns on Broadway

The dimming of the white lights in New York has brought the jokers to the fore. Recently after the current had been turned off a man walked up the big street with a lantern. After having crossed his way across Broadway and after swinging the lantern about his head much after the fashion of tramp signaling, he continued up the street. He had seen seeds that began to sprout in many directions and a few minutes later rival humorists appeared with lanterns, electric flashlights, and one optimist tried to keep a candle going as he walked down toward Times Square.

Who Wouldn't Look

Knitting socks for soldiers is a popular pursuit with the ladies in all sections nowadays, but it isn't often that a spectacle such as confronted the writer, and some other people, on a recent cold day, is to be noted.

Waiting on the curbing for a Taunton Short Line car which was without interior heat, by the way, was a pre-

Two days' free time, but providing for increases ranging from 50 to 100 per cent in charges thereafter.

The director-general appealed to shippers and consignees to co-operate in releasing cars to meet the railroad emergency and to make special efforts even before the higher demurrage charges go into effect to clear terminals as a contribution to the success of the war.

The necessity for action was emphasized yesterday by a report from A. H. Smith, assistant director-general in charge of operations east of the Mississippi river, that "accumulation is increasing at points east of Pittsburgh and Buffalo."

Mr. Smith reported that the situation was due largely to cold weather, but that sickness among trainmen and engineers and scarcity of labor has necessitated extensive curtailment of train service.

The new demurrage rates, approved by the interstate commerce commission on request of the director-general, are \$4 per car for the first day after the two free days, \$4 for the second day, and \$1 additional for each succeeding day until the charge per day reaches \$10. This maximum then will be charged for each car or fraction thereof.

Existing demurrage rates in most sections of the country are \$1 for the first day after the two days' free time, \$2 for the second day, \$3 for the third day, \$5 for the fourth day and for each day thereafter.

Even these rates are several times higher than those prevailing

years ago and which were charged last spring when congestion on eastern railroads became acute. Much higher rates are charged on the Pacific coast and in several other districts.

No changes will be made for the present in demurrage rules or rates on export freight, but in the order of Mr. McAdoo's order, "specifically, contemplates the cancellation of all average agreement provisions of existing tariffs."

Railroads are instructed to file tariffs embodying the new rates with the interstate commerce commission and state commissions.

"In this order," said Mr. McAdoo, "I have fully considered the embarrassments of shippers and consignees on account of the scarcity of

men which the wide-spread tying up of railroad equipment causes to the health and comfort of the people and the success of our war effort."

The following Rev. John Cavanaugh, president of Notre Dame university, Indiana, tells why we are at war.

The militaristic spirit in Germany must perish or America cannot survive. When the lion and the lamb lie down together the lamb is always inside the lion, and a peace-loving commercial nation can never be safe so long as a militaristic, powerful, and aggressive nation lies within striking distance and eager to strike.

Let not the gentle-mannered think that we can have no proper concern about the thoughts and the internal organization of neighboring nations. Where these things are merely matters of taste we have, indeed, no right to interfere; but when any one nation avows a policy that involves the destruction of our country we should be less than reasonable, we should be insane, if we permitted that nation to build up a monstrous machine for carrying out its purpose while we baulked and played and did not promote the happiness of a kindly fat man to know that a burglar or a murderer is lying in wait for him with a club as he goes his peaceful way on a quiet night. That was precisely the situation of our people before the war began.

We rhapsodize over the men of Washington's time and the stalwarts of Lincoln's day, but let us not forget to acclaim the heroes of this critical hour. Of what avail was it that the Revolutionary patriots created America and the Civil War patriots united America, if patriots of

Washington's time did not conserve America? This war is as sacred as either of the other great American wars, and every man and every dollar within the bounds of our country must help to win the fight.

War is a scourge, but it is a constructive tractor. This is a war against war, and pacifists, those who if they were wise, would see in American victory the only hope of the triumph of their cause. This war is to purchase permanent peace and it must end till the spirit of militaristic aggressions and policies from the earth. It will require the exertions of all our people's gigantic might to see this conflict through, and any American who for any reason whatsoever is cold or backward in this war is unworthy of his sacred inheritance.

THIS SEASON

The man who wishes for a dressy, conservative style overcoat, has a hard time finding it.

However, we have provided these "Always-in-style" garments as liberally as in former years.

Made from plain colored fabrics, in smooth coatings, meltons or fluffy faced materials—in rich dark oxfords, heather mixtures, black and blue.

Single breast, fly front or button through, with cloth or velvet collar.

Eminently the overcoat for the man who expects to get three or four years' wear from his garment.

Lined with serge, worsted or silk.

\$16.50 to \$35.00

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

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Safeguards Health of The Children

Constipation, or inaction of the bowels, is a great menace to health. Cathartics or laxatives remedies should never be given to children as the violence of their action tends to upset the entire digestive system. A mild laxative is far preferable, and the combination of astringent and cathartic properties of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and sold in drug stores for fifty cents a bottle, is highly recommended. This preparation contains no opiate, narcotic or habit-forming drug.

War upon beasts with the sword and upon man with famine!

War—ill the Judge appear?

Stars in a field of the sky's own blue, Light of a midnight year.

Speak! For the spirit of Man awakes, Shoulders the cross, and his couch forsakes.

Whispers prayer, and the long way takes.

Speak! For he waits to hear!

This is our word," said a star, of which set in the silken mere.

"Right against Might on the land, on the sea!

Little and Great are the same to me! Only for Truth and for Liberty.

Strike! For the hour is here!"

—Hamilton Literary Magazine.

REPORT OF DEATHS

For the Week Ending Jan. 5, 1918

Dec. 1917.

1 John W. Wilson, 72, arterio-sclerotic.

2 Agnes C. Gunn, 67, arterio-sclerotic.

3 William J. Bovilla, 66, lob. pneumonia.

AT THAT THE MAIL MAN WILL HAVE TO FIGHT TO GET IT



22 INJURED IN MAD RUSH FROM SUBWAY CAR

CAMBRIDGE, Jan. 7.—Twenty-two passengers aboard a subway train for Boston were injured today at Kendall square in a wild scramble to escape from cars which filled with smoke after a fuse blew out with a roar that resembled an explosion. All lights in the underground passage were extinguished and in the darkness men and women broke through glass doors and windows while shrieks of many trampled under foot added to the confusion and disorder.

Two Seriously Injured

With the first alarm ambulances and fire apparatus were rushed to the station and the injured quickly removed to hospitals. Only two, Jeffie Howard and Miss May Daley, both of Boston were badly hurt. The others, cut by

glass or bruised, were sent to their homes.

Traffic Delayed For Hours

Traffic in the subway in both directions was delayed for an hour and the army of commuters on their way to work were routed over surface lines.

After taking on passengers at Kendall square the guards closed the doors and the signal to proceed had been given when there was a deafening report.

The train and station were filled with smoke and the doors were broken down by the crowd, which instantly became terrified and hysterical.

Officials of the Boston elevated railway said that the explosion was caused by short circuiting.

and the United States, but spoke only of war aims.

Officials and diplomats were thoroughly convinced that the allies are prepared to fight on for years if need be in order to achieve the principles for which their armies and navies are struggling.

They were equally convinced that if the central powers are sincere in their desire for peace the door has been thrown open to them and responsibility for prolonging the war must rest on Berlin and Vienna, not on Washington, London, Paris and Rome.

Germany and her war allies are invited to come into the open and make peace on honorable and just grounds or assume responsibility for further waste of life and treasure.

At the high school there was considerable trouble caused by the cold spell but classes went on as usual this morning and there was no marked divergence from the regular routine.

The Lowell Vocational school opened this morning after the extended Christmas vacation and there was a normal attendance of pupils.

The cold wave did very little damage to the heating apparatus and steam and piping in the school and there was not enough trouble to interfere with the school routine.

Thomas F. Fisher, principal of the school, said this morning that if the parents of the pupils had the good sense to have their children return to school today he said that there was no reason why there should be any break in the school week.

New evening classes for radio and buzzer operators are about to be opened and as soon as 25 members can be obtained for this department a class will be started.

The evening classes will re-open this evening and hold their usual sessions. In the girls' department new classes in sewing, cooking, millinery and home nursing are being opened. Those wishing to join them should register on or before Thursday night of this week.

OFFICER WHO ESCAPED FROM GERMAN PRISON CAMP ARRIVES AT ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 7.—Flight Lieut. Patrick O'Brien of Moncton, who escaped from a German prison camp by leaping from a train in the dark and who subsequently related his experiences to King George, arrived here with other returned soldiers.

LOWELL MAN GETS JAIL SENTENCE AT CRANSTON FOR ELOPEMENT

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 7.—Frederick C. Beauchesne, 26, of Lowell, Mass., was taken to Cranston jail yesterday for six months for eloping with Miss Celeste Myers, 24, just April and abandoning his wife and two young children. When Miss Myers came here from Lowell to visit her folks they notified Mrs. Beauchesne and the police kept Celeste under surveillance until she led them to Beauchesne, who was arrested in Lowell on a non-support charge and then sent here.

GEO. H. WREN NAMED FOR COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 7.—George H. Wren of this city, president of the state branch of the American Federation of Labor, has been named one of four New England members of the council of national defense on recommendation of Samuel Gompers, it became known today in connection with his resignation of the presidency of the local central labor union.

WARSHIP BREAKS ICE

BALTIMORE, Jan. 7.—To release ice-bound ships loaded with government supplies in the harbor and to open traffic generally on the Patapsco and in the bay, one of Uncle Sam's big warships was steaming up the Chesapeake from Newport News yesterday.

The city icehounds were unable to cope with the situation, declared to be the worst in 50 years, and the action of the navy department in sending the fighting vessel followed a suggestion of Baltimore's mayor.

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ferences for manufacturing will not permit the price to be as low as in former years.

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ALLEGED ENEMY ALIEN TAKES OFFICE AS MAYOR

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Jan. 7.—Fred C. Miller, alleged enemy alien, assumed office as mayor of this city, without opposition, at noon today. At that hour no word had been received as to the progress of injunction proceedings begun at Valparaiso by persons who objected to the installation of a "German" mayor. There was no disorder.

MAYOR KAY STARTS HIS SIXTH TERM

FALL RIVER, Jan. 7.—Mayor James H. Kay started on the sixth year of his third term as mayor today and in his inaugural address declared that the strictest economy be maintained in all departments. The political complexion of the board of aldermen is unchanged from last year—the only new appointment of the several made is that of Henry F. McGrady as a member of the Watuppa water board.

DEMOCRAT MAYOR TAKES OFFICE AT BROCKTON

BROCKTON, Jan. 7.—Mayor William L. Gleason, democrat, became chief executive of the city today after a long period of republican regime.

In his inaugural message he made but few recommendations, declaring the times did not warrant radical changes at this time. He urged consideration of a new contagious hospital and economy in the matter of building new school houses.

All of the present city officials were re-elected except Assessor Thomas G. Nye who was defeated by ex-Councilman Harold D. Bent.

METHUEN BECOMES CITY MAYOR TAKES OFFICE

METHUEN, Jan. 7.—The town of Methuen became the city of Methuen

today, when Mayor Samuel Rushton and the first city government were inaugurated. In his inaugural address Mayor Rushton recommended economy in city finances and honesty in the conduct of the city's affairs.

BRITISH CASUALTIES FOR WEEK TOTAL 18,998

LONDON, Jan. 7.—British casualties reported during the week ending today totalled 18,998. The losses were divided as follows:

Officers killed or died of wounds, 173; men, 3,852.

Officers wounded or missing, 148; men, 14,605.

INAUGURAL EXERCISES AT LAWRENCE

LAWRENCE, Jan. 7.—Peter Carr

succeeded Alderman James Cadogan

as director of the public safety department at the inauguration exercises today, being the only new member of the government to take the oath of office.

In his inaugural address, Mayor Hulley referred to the war, the great

increase in expense, and favored development of the public school system.

FAVORS MUNICIPAL COAL YARD AT HAVERHILL

HAVERHILL, Jan. 7.—Mayor Leslie K. Morse, elected a year ago for two years, recommended a municipal coal yard at the first meeting of the city council today, when George W. Almey, Jr., was sworn in as alderman to succeed Alderman of Charles M. Lloyd.

Departments were assigned as follows: Finance, Mayor Morse; public safety, Alderman R. L. Wood; public property, Alderman E. A. Manning; streets, G. E. Hutchins; health and charity, Alderman Munsey.

MAYOR ASHLEY BEGINS HIS 19TH TERM

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 7.—Charles Ashley, the inaugurated mayor of New Bedford for his 19th term today, the inaugural exercises being held in the city council chambers as not to have to use coal for heating the auditorium, where inaugural ceremonies are usually conducted. The mayor's inaugural address was very brief, but a strict economic caution against use of bond issues and anticipated an increase in the municipal tax rate.

MAJOR MURPHY OF RED CROSS MISSION TO EUROPE TO GO INTO MILITARY SERVICE

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Despatches from Petrograd say an armistice has been declared in the Ukraine region, the Rada, the Ukrainian legislative body, and the Bolsheviks having agreed to a compromise of their differences. The Rada is said to be ready to decline to give support to Gen. Saledkins and his Cossacks in return for the withdrawal of the Bolshevik troops from the Ukraine.

The Petrograd Post says the king of Rumania has called the entente allies that the Rumanians are determined to continue the war, notwithstanding the desires of the troops on the Rumanian front, and that M. Poincaré, the French president, replied assuring the king of France's support.

The French government has protested against the seizure of French banks in Petrograd.

The Central executive of the workmen's and soldiers' deputies has decided to assemble the third congress of workmen's and soldiers' deputies Jan. 15. According to M. Zinovjeff, the leader of the Bolsheviks, there is no reason to expect the fact that the meeting for calling the congress is to be held in the constituent assembly, which, in view of the fact that the candidates were nominated before the October revolution, may not be representative of the country.

M. Zinovjeff says the Bolshevik program will be submitted to the constituent assembly for approval, and if the assembly is willing to work in harmony it will justify the hopes and expectations of the people. On the contrary, should it reject the Bolshevik program, the assembly would find itself in conflict with the laboring masses and be brushed away.

The workmen's and soldiers' deputies have decided to send a delegation abroad with a view to calling an international socialist conference in Switzerland.

CONTINUOUS TREATMENT FOR AMERICAN WOUNDED

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Jan. 6.—(By the Associated Press)—An announcement made today by Surgeon General Bradley says that a method has been formulated assuring American wounded continuous treatment from the dressing station on the fighting line through many hands to the hospital.

The sick chart nowadays resembles the weather record, going up when it is damp and snowy and going down when it is clear and cold. It is claimed that the many cases due to pneumonia or other affections of the respiratory tract are caused largely by the crowding in barracks and billets of newly landed men. While the sick rate of seasoned troops is slightly more than two per cent, that of these new arrivals

is just under five per cent. Efficient arrangements have been made for making records of venereal diseases. So far the general rate has been good, numbering four in each thousand, including cases contracted in the United States.

TEN TRAINS OF COAL FOR N. E.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.—Ten trainloads of anthracite coal consigned to Boston and New England points are on the way here, James T. Storrow, fuel administrator for New England, announced today. Several of these trains have reached Maybrook, N. Y., for delivery to the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad and are expected to reach Boston before tomorrow. Under plans of the fuel administration the supply will be made available first to public institutions, dwellings and office buildings.

Bituminous coal also is coming into New England by rail in large quantities, according to reports to Mr. Storrow. Twenty-five carloads of soft coal left New York yesterday for Fall River and forty more cars started today toward Portland, Me. Another train of forty cars for central Massachusetts points left Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

The rise in coal prices also has resulted in many steamers and barges loaded with coal which had become ice bound while on their way here and several large shipments by water are expected within the next day or two.

A naval collier with more than 12,000 tons of bituminous coal was reported

near port, and other steamers on the way.

Mr. Storrow said the navy department had sent a warship to Baltimore to release coal-laden steamers still ice bound in Chesapeake Bay.

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MAYOR STACY BEGINS OFFICERS INSTALLED BY HIS 4TH TERM

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 7.—A program of municipal economy in keeping with war conditions was urged upon this city by Mayor Frank E. Stacy in his inaugural address today in choosing upon his fourth term. He advocated the appointment of two policewomen for corrective work, an innovation in this city and reported the success of war measures adopted by the city in especially the war-gadgets on park property and the municipal market.



JOHN J. TOWNSEND

FOOD TO FIGHT ON

CREAM

BEANS

CREAM

PEAS

Digestible. Nutritious, Economical



YES!

WE HAVE

DOOR MATS

In attractive, durable materials. All the standard sizes in stock.

They're 81c to \$4.95

FREE CITY MOTOR DELIVERY

C. B. COBURN CO.

63 MARKET ST.

Removal Notice!

J. F. McMahon & Co.
HEATING and PLUMBING

Have Removed From Their Old Location, 453 Merrimack Street, to Their Own Building at

51 UNION STREET

They are equipped to give a better service than ever to their patrons.

IT'S WONDERFUL!

"My clothes are cleaner than they ever were before—they don't wear out so fast—and they are all ready for the line in an hour or so!

I don't have to rub or wring a single thing. I just push a button and my Thor washes the heaviest blankets, the finest laces, and everything. Besides, I never have back-ache or red hands—I'm never tired out the way I used to be!"

That's what thousands and thousands of women are now saying about their Thor Electric Washing Machines.

No Hands Can Wash So Clean as This.

Thor Electric Washing Machines.

THOR ELECTRIC WASHING MACHINE \$10 Brings the THOR

Only \$10.00 down and we will deliver the Thor to your home. Then only a few dollars a month for a short time and the Thor is yours—a precious possession that will do more to lighten and brighten your housework than any one other thing—a faithful ever-ready friend that will shoulder your hardest work and do it without a murmur.

ASK FOR FREE DEMONSTRATION

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
AND THRIFT STAMPS
On Sale at the Cashier's Window

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.
29-31 Market St.

Tel. 821

CLOSING OUT PRESENT STOCK OF
FRAMED PICTURES AND FRAMES

Making room for new goods. Genuine bargains. Frames in stock to fit any picture you may have. Everything going at a bargain.

RICARD'S

123 CENTRAL ST.



Durkin, Charles P. Nester and Edward Murphy, board of trustees; Walter Quinn, William Ryan and J. Frank Sullivan. The retiring officers were acknowledged with a vote of thanks.

At this meeting, the new members were admitted and several applications taken under advisement.

After the meeting, a rehearsal for the minstrel show was conducted by Director Francis A. Clarke. This troupe had been rounded out splendidly under Mr. Clarke's able direction and it is confidently expected that the coming show will be the best ever held in this city. The ends are all top-notch performers, and their songs and comedy are sure to go "like wildfire" with the amateur-loving people of Lowell. Among the headliners are Miss Florence McManus, Miss Bella Walsh, Mrs. May Dillon Doherty, Miss Bertha Olson, Miss Nancy Swift, Miss Theresa McCarron, Miss Alice Diaz, William McManus, Jr., Warren Kang, James Kenny, Charles Clancy, John F. Roane, John Spillane and Frank O'Brien. The chorus, which will prove one of the most important features of the event, is composed of the following:

Anna Bouline Irene Mellen Walter Quinn
Anna Smith A. J. Flaherty
Marcelle McEvoy J. J. Flaherty
Rita Ryan John E. O'Neill
Margaret O'Neill Edward T. Draper
Mary Ready John Mahoney
Sadie Seymour Charles P. Nester
John Hamsell William Ryan
Edmund Hamsell Frank J. Finnegan
Hilda Cumber Andrew Finnegan
Lillian Shea Joseph Roone
Marcelle Sheen John Mahan
Belle Lantagne Robert Armstrong
May Curry George Bowers
Lida Parent John McMahon
Muriel May Frank Boyle
Catherine Brennenan T. McCarney
Mary Bourke Thomas Cassin
Sarah Smith Leo Dugan
Mary Gill James Corrigan
Anna Robbins Harry Richards
Grace O'Neill Harry Biopelli
Rita Heale William Reilly
Pearl Sauer John Tighe
Alice Mack Ernest Wilson
Sarah Hayes J. P. Maguire
Anna McCabe Thomas Clarke
Esther Kane Timothy Linehan
Rose Heath J. P. Sullivan
John K. Whittier Thomas Tighe
Dorothy Coughlin Walter Quinn
Sue Curry William Bushy
Irene Mellen Francis Oulmette
Ruth Keenan John Bowers
Margaret Rabbit John C. Sargent
Eileen Goudreau T. McCarney
John H. Morris William O'Brien
Theresa Gallagher William O'Brien
Helen Crane John Foley
Nora Robinson Herbert Nugent
Interlocuter John W. Sharkey

The minstrel show committee will meet Tuesday evening to elect a floor director for the coming show and

INAUGURAL EXERCISES
Continued

public in general. He said in the beginning that his address was not to be in the guise and character of promises intended to impress upon members of the council and the people of Lowell that it was his desire to work in unity with his fellow commissioners.

After enumerating the many things he considered it necessary to do in order to give the people a fair return for money expended, the mayor said:

The history of our city is replete with honorable and glorious achievement. In war as well as in peace, in the cause of our citizens, have stood out pre-eminent leaders of this commonwealth. At home as well as abroad, the name of Lowell, its institutions and its people have ever been respected.

Let us be mindful of our trust. Let us take care lest we utterly fail in our true purpose through abuse of power, through extravagance and carelessness in the conduct of the city's business.

The city of Lowell, with an approximated valuation of \$100,000,000 taxable property, expends each year at least \$2,000,000 from taxable revenue, not to speak of bonded loans, all of which is applied to the preservation of the peace, health, comfort and security of its people. The expenditure of this vast sum of money needs a close and scrutinizing application of the most efficient principles of business integrity.

We must not indulge in careless extravagance of the people's money, and yet, we must not be niggardly in supplying the wants, the needs, and the comforts of the people. We must be fair to our trust; fair to the people, we should strive, not for an extravagant efficiency, but for an honest, a substantial, economic efficiency.

The people never complain, if they get a square deal, and it is truly up to us to see that they get it.

The Honor then spoke briefly concerning the departments, but did not suggest any improvements. He spoke about our good streets and sewers and of the great responsibility entailed in the operation of the various departments. Getting down to his own department, the mayor said:

Under the immediate supervision of the mayor and commissioners of public safety are departments of vital concern to the people.

The charter of our city nominates the mayor of the city, to do all things necessary in the general charge and management of all matters pertaining to the department of public safety, which department shall include police, health, poor, matters legal and claims, shall, therefore, in a general way, deal with these most important sub-departments, all under the direct control of the mayor.

The department of police is equally as important, in its scope, as the department of health, or as the department of poor, or as the legal and claims department. Upon the proper and legal management of these departments depend the peace, comfort, security and happiness of our people.

It shall be my purpose to conduct the department of police so as to secure the best results toward the maintenance of the integrity of the men employed to protect and safeguard the lives, liberties and property of the people.

Health Very Important

Health is the most conspicuous attribute that we should strive to attain, hence the health of our city must, at all hazards, be thoroughly safeguarded.

The cleanliness of a city, a rigid enforcement of health laws, and an honest expenditure of money in preserving the health of our people is a true mark, a salient sign of a progressive, intelligent people. My purpose shall be to attain such distinction for our people.

It shall be my endeavor to ever assist in keeping up the high standard of work which marks the complete effectiveness of the department of health.

If there is one thing more than any other, that has placed Massachusetts in the forefront among the commonwealths of our country, it is the fact that nowhere in the world do we find more humane laws intended for the care and protection, for the comfort of the poor, than in our state.

Massachusetts, Lowell, remains the chief city of Massachusetts, has never been recreant or insular in this regard.

Let it always be said, as it has ever been said, that our poor shall ever be nurtured, cared for, and protected.

Assignment of Departments

The assignment of departments then took place, the assignments being the same as last year. Commissioner Brown, water and fire protection; Com-

missioner Donnelly, finance; Commissioner Warnock, public property and licenses; and Commissioner Morse, streets and highways. The meeting adjourned until 12 o'clock.

Commissioner Warnock was unanimously re-elected president of the council.

The police officers on duty during the exercises were: Lieutenant Martin F. Connors, Patrolmen Alonso Page, W. H. Kilby, George Abbott and Matthew Mc-

Carroll, and city solicitor.

Commissioner Brown suggested that the council go in touch with army officials and offer the use of the contagious hospital for the care of wounded soldiers who might return to Lowell. Mr. Morse said he did not believe the army officials would allow soldiers to be treated in a hospital which is tubercular patients were being treated.

Mr. Brown said he believed the hospital should be offered the government before it is opened for tubercular patients, but Mr. Morse said the hospital had been erected for the treatment of contagious diseases and it would not serve the use of the buildings for other purposes. The meeting then adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY FARM BUREAU ENLARGES SCOPE OF WORK. JUNIOR DEPT. ADDED

WALTHAM, Jan. 7.—The boys and girls of Middlesex county are going to be organized for the production of food products and other useful projects under the leadership of Miss Louise Fay of Waltham, who has been employed by the Middlesex County Farm Bureau as county boy and girl club leader, and who began her work Jan. 2, with headquarters in the Farm Bureau office, 613 Main street, Waltham.

Miss Fay has done successful work as garden supervisor in Waltham, and is equipped to make this work an important factor in the county.

Jerry Moore, a South Carolina boy, in 1910, raised 2428 bushels of corn from one acre. Within three years the corn crop of that state increased from 17,000,000 to 50,000,000 bushels. There are Jerry Moore's in Middlesex county, and the farm bureau intends to develop them through appropriate boys' and girls' clubs.

Achievement clubs in poultry and pig raising, gardening, canning, sewing, and cooking will be organized in cooperation with the schools and boy and girl scouts. Definite instruction will be given and the project of each member closely followed to make it a success both educationally and financially.

After Measles Whooping Cough or Scarlet Fever

The extreme weakness often results in impaired hearing, weakened eyesight, bronchitis and other troubles, but if Scott's Emulsion is given promptly, it carries strength to the organs and creates rich blood to build up the depleted forces.

Children thrive on Scott's Emulsion.

It is Free from Alcohol.

50000 BOTTLES. 50¢ EACH.

THE CHAIN. 35x5, lost Monday, Jan. 7. Finder please return to 201 Hale St., after 6 p. m. Reward.

LYNN MAYOR WANTS \$10,000 TO CUT WOOD

LYNN, Jan. 7.—Lynn entered upon a new form of government today, with the inauguration of Waite H. Creamer as mayor. The new government consists of a mayor and eleven commissioners replacing the commission form which had been in effect for several years. Mayor Creamer urged an appropriation of \$10,000 for cutting wood in the parks for use in winter morning at 10 o'clock.

RECOMMENDATIONS BY WORCESTER MAYOR

WORCESTER, Jan. 7.—Mayor Peter G. Holmes, who was inaugurated for a second term today, in his address to the city council urged greater conservation in municipal affairs, especially in the matter of loans to carry out plans for public improvements. He recommended that larger water mains be laid as a fire protection in sections that are given up to war work.

SCHOOL FACULTY MANAGER ISSUES CALL FOR CANDIDATES FOR TRACK TEAM

Frederick R. Woodward, faculty manager of the Lowell High School track team, issued an appeal this evening for candidates for the 1918 track team and this afternoon the first practice session was held in the annex in Paige street. Captain Warren Mansur wishes as many candidates as possible to come out for the team in order that the season may be a successful one.

All the members of the high school regiment are now in uniform and the military training course is progressing in great shape. The officers of the regiment are looking forward to the annual officers' ball to be held January 18 in Associate hall. Invitations are being sent out and a meeting to prepare the final details of the affair will be called in the near future.

DORA SHORTER, THE POET, DIED IN LONDON TODAY

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Dora Shorter, the poet, died in London today.

Dora Shorter was born in Dublin, the daughter of George Sigerson, the biologist. She was married in 1896 to Clement K. Shorter, editor of the *Spheres*.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, wish to express our sincere thanks to our many friends for their kind acts of sympathy, their floral and spiritual offerings, which helped to lighten our sorrow. All acts will ever be remembered by us.

Mr. David Scanlon and family.

Mrs. Bromley Shepard

Designer and Importer

LOWELL, BOSTON, NEW YORK, PARIS

Takes Command of

ESTABLISHED 1875
Chalifoux's CORNER

Suits, Coats, Dresses,
Evening Gowns, Furs,
Misses', Girls' and
Junior Apparel

ENTIRE STOCKS

TO BE

CLOSED OUT

THIS IS THE

Sale Supreme

OF LOWELL THIS SEASON.

Now in Progress

NOTHING RESERVED

Everything Must Go to Make Way for Complete New Stocks

Chalifoux value, combined with Mrs. Shepard's knowledge of style and quality, is equivalent to placing the smartest shops of New York and Paris at your convenience in Lowell. Watch this store.